THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Daily Times.

THE People's Popular Prescription Pharmacy ALWAYS OPEN. G. E. JONES, 36 Govt. St.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, MAY 29, 1894. No. 131

Souvenirs

Be sure and get a souvenir of Victoria during the celebration at CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S. They have the finest stock of Souvenir Spoons, etc., in the city. Remember the place

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,

Manufacturing Jewellers, 47 Government Street.

15 DAYS.

THE WESTSIDE

Salvage Sale

WILL BE CONTINUED FOR FIFTEEN DAYS LONGER

Having determined to sell off every dollar's worth of the goods which were in showroom at the time of the fire, on MONDAY, the 28th inst., the store will be closed for the purpose of still further marking down the remainder of the stock. Articles really damaged will be quoted at an almost give away price. In other lines 50 per cent. off should make a Clearance. We quote JACKETS and WATERPROOFS at 25 cents on the dollar. Ladies' sets of colored Percale Collars and Cuffs at 10c., worth 40c. Ladies' Blouse Waists (just opened), stylish, at say half usual price.

ON THE GROUND FLOOR will be found a full assortment of high grade Dry Goods, which are being disposed of for Cash at ridiculously low prices. Note:

5-4 Table Oilcloth, best at 25c., usually 35c. to 50c.

Spool Cotton, all numbers, in assorted dozs. at 30c., usual price 50c.

Blankets from $1.90; this is a nice soft, white article, at $1.90, $2.75, $3.15, $3.65, $4.00 and $4.25.

Zephyr and other Ginghams, fast colors, sixty patterns to choose from, from 5c. to 7 1-2c.

Dress Goods, a special lot still further reduced to close out.

Prints, Canadian, fast, 20 yds for $1; English, 10c. and 12 1-2c., from 15 to 20c.

Canton Flannels, 15 yds. for $1, White Cotton, 20 yds. for $1.

Challies, best goods, some just opened out, 30c., usual price 45c.

Pongore Silks, fashionable shades and pretty patterns, were 90c., now 35c.

Odd Lots in Dress Goods marked away down.

Saxony Wool, 31 shades at 5c per hank.

Thistle Wool, put up like and almost equal to Beehive, two for 25c.

Corallen Wool, three balls for 25c., used to be 15c. per ball.

China Silk, 27 in. wide, new shades, at 45c.

Kid Gloves.

The Westside Warranted, complete in size and colors. 88 doz. of the Bretagne Lacing received since the sale commenced. We have also "The Stud" and Dome Fasts, all of the very best quality, price $1.00, usual price $1.25.

Calf Gauntlet Gloves, Suede, Bernhardt, and Evening Gloves, up to 20 button lengths.

Kid Palm Silk Gloves, reduced from $1.25 to 50c. per pair.

Lisle Taffeta and Silk Tipped, from 15c. per pair.

THE STORE RE-OPENED THIS MORNING AT NINE O'CLOCK

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures. Terms Cash.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Victoria, B.C., May 29th, 1894.

Sporting Shoes

Are now having a big run at our place. LOOK AT OUR PRICES: Boys' Lacrosse shoes, 65 cents; Men's Lacrosse shoes, 75 cents and $1; Men's Balmorals, $1.25. See our Cricket and Tennis shoes.

A. B. ERSKINE,

Cor. Government and Johnson Streets.

Carpet Cleaning and Upholstering

Carpets taken up, cleaned, altered and relaid; also cleaned on the floor by our Turkish rug and carpet cleaning process, which removes grease spots, paint, coal dust, lampblack, soot and stains of all kinds.

LACE CURTAINS AND BLANKETS A SPECIALTY.

Furniture and mattresses of over description repaired, re-upholstered and recovered.

TEL. 540. W. G. FURNIVAL, 58 BROAD STREET

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A girl to make herself generally useful. Apply to Globe Hotel, Esquimalt. m29-1t

WANTED—Situation as general servant; good cook; references. Apply E.L., Times office.

WANTED—House and lot, convenient to street car line; price not to exceed $1,500. Address, giving description and terms, to "Buyer," P. O. Box 147. m29-2t

COTTAGE TO RENT—6 rooms, bath, hot water, gas, good garden; rent now due. Fort Street. my29-3t

IMMEDIATE SALE—Easy terms; seven rooms well furnished, filled with respectable roomers; central city location. Owner would rent 2 off purchaser. Illness cause of sale. Apply H. D., this office.

FOR SALE—Cheap, near Beacon Hill Park, a two-story house of seven rooms, bathroom; indoor w.c.; and lot 60x120 feet. Apply X.X., Times office. m29-1w

FOR SALE—A bargain, a full sized lot; 20 minutes' walk from postoffice; price only $210, as the owner is in need of money. Apply 37 First street, Work Estate.

FISHING ROD WANTED—Two handed fly fishing rod, reel, etc. Apply, giving particulars and price to "Angler," Times office.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Numidian	June 2
Allan Line, Sardinian	June 9
Dominion Line, Labrador	June 2
Dominion Line, Toronto	June 9
Beaver Line, Lake Huron	June 6
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	June 13

From New York.

Cunard Line, Lucania	June 2
Cunard Line, Aurania	June 5
White Star Line, Britannic	June 6
White Star Line, Majestic	June 13
American Line, Paris	June 6
American Line, Berlin	June 13
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Saale	June 2
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Trave	June 5
Red Star Line, Belgenland	June 2
Red Star Line, Westernland	June 9
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	June 2
Anchor Line, Furnessia	June 9
Allan State Line, California	June 8
Allan State Line, Nebraska	June 22

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $14 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

RELICS OF COXEY'S MARCH.

Soldiers of the Industrial Army Find a Market for Their Curios.

He wore a tattered old suit. The pants and coat were odd, and a ragged cap was stuck on his head. At his side dangled a cup, a battered old pie plate and an old canteen suspended by a rope. He walked down the road with the aid of a barked stick, on which was carved the inscription: "Coxey; On to Washington!" and seemed rather to enjoy the curious gazes and remarks of the passers.

When about to cross the bridge at Piney Branch, observes the Washington Post, he attracted the attention of a middle-aged, nicely-dressed man seated in a carriage. The gentleman beckoned the man to the carriage.

"Are you a Coxeyite?" he inquired of the tramp.

"Yes, sir."

"Where bound for?"

"To Washington, sir."

"How long have you been with the army?"

"Ever since we started, sir."

"Where did you get those things?" pointing to the truck hanging at the side of the Coxeyite.

"It would take more than one word to tell you, sir, because I found them in various towns on the road."

"You are my man," said the gentleman. "What will you take for them?"

The Coxeyite was rather astonished, and, thinking he was being guyed, started to move on, when the gentleman said, "I will give you two dollars for them."

The tramp was doubtful, but when handed the money, eagerly clutched it and turned over his wares.

The gentleman was about to drive on when the tramp remarked: "Say, mister, if you don't mind, what are you going to do with those things?"

"I am going to give them to my daughter, who is a collector of relics, as a souvenir of the great Coxey army of tramps," said the gentleman with a sly twinkle in his eye.

"Well, here's some more;" and the tramp took from his pocket a knife, fork and spoon for which the gentleman paid 50 cents.

"Here's something else," said the tramp, producing the walking stick.

"Well, what's that," asked the gentleman.

"This stick," said the tramp, "has been in my possession since I first joined Coxey, and it has killed a chicken in every town we have passed through, as you can see by the notches cut in it." The cane was full of them, some large and some small. "Those big cuts," said he," signify roosters killed; the medium, hens, and the little ones spring chickens." The cane was bought for 50 cents. The gentleman turned his horse to town highly elated over his purchase, and the tramp started back to camp, probably after another supply.

There is a vessel that was built on the Clyde, is owned in Boston, sails from Honolulu, and is named after a Chinaman who lives in Hawaii. She is the bark Foohng Suey.

The bride's cake to-day is a relic of a Roman custom. At the Roman marriage the bride was expected to prepare a part at least of the wedding feast with her own hands.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

THE GOLDEN STATE.

Professor Sanders Enters a Plea of Not Guilty

IN THE WOOTTON FORGERY LAWSUIT

Heavy Failure in the Shoe Trade in 'Frisco—The Industrials of Vacaville Acquitted—They Drove Out Chinese and Japanese Workers on the Fruit Ranches.

Fresno, Cal., May 29.—Professor W. A. Sanders, who is accused of the murder of William Wootton, has pleaded not guilty to indictment charging him with forging Wootton's name to a draft for $1400.

Fairfield, Cal., May 29.—"Captain" Wood and eighty other industrials who raided ranches near Vacaville recently, driving out the Chinese and Japanese employees, were this morning acquitted of the charge of riot. The jury was out ten hours.

San Francisco, May 29.—Information has just been received here that Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Hamlin's visit to this port has been indefinitely postponed. He started a few days ago for the coast, but received a telegram while at Chicago from Secretary Carlisle, requesting his immediate return to Washington.

A. W. Drauch, a pioneer who came to California in 1847, died at San Luis Obispo last night, aged 77 years. Deceased built the first business block in the town of Monterey and established one of the first lodges of Oddfellows in the state.

A. Cohnreich, shoedealer, has failed, owing $27,000, mostly to local firms. Assets estimated at $20,000.

Fresno, Cal., May 29.—General Barker's army is still here with no apparent intention of moving. Their demands for food are not liberally complied with, and the leaders are very indignant, saying the only decent treatment they have met with since coming here has been from the Chinese who have furnished considerable supplies. The action of the latter, however, was on account of fear of the army.

San Francisco, May 29.—Directors McDonald, Jenkins, Graves and Montgomery pleaded not guilty to the charge of embezzlement, and their trial was set for July 9th.

Argument on motion for a new trial in the case of the convicted Emerald smuggling gang is being heard in the U. S. district court to-day.

Dr. Geo. W. Leek, a well known dentist and brother of the Dr. J. J. Leek who was mixed up in the recent mysterious death of Alice Aldersley, was arrested to-day by postal authorities at the instance of Dr. Walsh, who charges Leek with opening his letters. The penalty in case of conviction is one year's imprisonment and a fine of $500.

A private letter has been received by a shipping firm here from one of the crew of the United States Steamer Patterson, which recently reached Sitka, stating that while on her journey north the vessel encountered a heavy storm off Queen Charlotte Sound and was finally blown upon the rocks at Port Simpson. Shortly after the vessel struck the United States steamer Hassler hove in sight and after a strenuous effort on the part of both crews succeeded in floating the distressed vessel in about 24 hours from the time of the accident. The exact damage was not ascertained but the letter states that the Patterson would probably have to be beached at Port Loring, as several holes have been punched in her bottom.

CHIPS FOR CHEROKEES.

Distribution of the Sum Realized from the Strip.

Tahlequah, I. T., May 28.—Beginning to-morrow, Treasurer E. E. Starr, of the Cherokee nation, will commence the distribution of $6,840,000 to 24,300 Indians per capita. This large amount is the proceeds of the sale of the Cherokee strip to the United States government last year, and will be the largest amount ever paid out to so few people in the United States. To say that serious trouble will attend the distribution of this money is but to foreshadow the facts. The city is already filled with strangers. Many are known by this time to be sharpers and gamblers who have come here with the purpose to fleece the Cherokees to a finish, and they will take away with them more than their share of the money. They will find, however, before they leave, that the Cherokees are not to be bunkoed, and if they are not killed on suspicion they will leave the nation poorer but wiser men.

To-day over five hundred well armed Cherokee Indians met here and organized for business, with Jesse Cochrane as their chief commander. Beside, nearly every citizen of the Cherokee nation has proved himself with rifles and six shooters and stands ready at a moment's warning to help constitute an army of not less than five thousand should an attempt be made to rob them of the treasure.

The amount paid to each Cherokee will be about $280, and then the heads of each family will draw for ten and twelve children. Nearly all the surrounding states and big cities, like Kansas City and St. Louis, will feel the effects of this payment, and times will continue flush here for the next year at least.

A Plethora of Printers.

Washington, D. C., May 28.—Harry Gibb, formerly a printer of Seattle, is here with good endorsements from Democrats and Republicans of Washington, seeking a position in the government printing office. It is almost certain he will meet with disappointment. The government printing office under the administration of Mr. Palmer was gorged with employes; so much so that every week one received a furlough of about one week in every three. The total number of employes was nearly four thousand. Public Printer Benedict, who has just come into office, says there are at least a thousand too many, and that his first duty will be to discharge that number just as soon as he can do so intelligently. Efficient men will be given the preference, and after that Democrats instead of Republicans will be retained. Mr. Benedict says positively there will be no new appointments. The introduction of printing machines has left this town overstocked with compositors, and Pacific coast men would do well to remember this.

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

Daily Chronicle of the Events of the Great Republic.

Colorado Springs, Col., May 29.—The attempt to arrange a conference between the miners and owners has failed, the owners considering President Calderwood of the miners demanded too many preliminary concessions on the part of the owners. The situation is as bad as ever. Both sides are determined to win, and both have large bodies of armed men ready to fight.

Portland, Or., May 28.—Forty carrier pigeons from four lofts of the Puget Sound homing pigeon club, sent over here by express, were released from the tower of the Oregonian building at eight o'clock this morning. Those from Meeker's loft at Puyallup, a distance of 138 miles in an air line, reached home at 11.26. The others have not yet been heard from. The birds will next be flown from Salem and then from Grant's Pass.

THE GREAT STRIKE.

Missouri Suffering From Coal Famine—Traffic is Badly Interrupted.

A Settlement Predicted—Armed Ruffians at Cripple Creek Ready to Fight.

St. Louis, Mo., May 29.—The Missouri Pacific road is suffering from a coal famine. Local freights have been cancelled, but passenger traffic thus far is uninterrupted.

Chicago, Ill., May 29.—President J. McBride, of the United Mine Workers, stated positively to-day that there was going to be a settlement of the great strike. It is believed if a settlement is made it will be made upon the basis of 50 cents a ton in Ohio and 69 cents in Pennsylvania.

Denver, Colo., May 29.—All is quiet at Cripple Creek to-day, but it is expected that pillage and carnage may break forth at any moment. Armed bands of lawless depredators attempted last night to surprise the armed deputies at Divide, but failed and withdrew without bringing on a conflict.

Fort Wayne, Ind., May 29.—This morning miners allowed a train of thirty cars of coal at Lyford to proceed to Chicago. They preferred this course to a conflict with United States authorities.

A CHINESE FRESHET.

Disaster Caused by the Sudden Rise of the Han River.

The Hankow correspondent of the Shanghai Mercury wrote on April 21 as follows: "Considerable loss of life and property was caused last night at Hanyang through a freshet, which seems to have come quite unexpectedly, and proved to be one of the most disastrous ones that has happened for years. The water has been exceptionally low for some time, and, although the current was fairly strong yesterday, no danger was apprehended. About midnight, however, an enormous volume of water came down the Han, carrying with it undoubted proof of the destruction which it must have caused on its way—broken furniture, planks, beams, wreckage, etc. The water is said to have risen more than six feet in about an hour, and very few of the junks, of which thousand are moored right in the mouth of the Han, were able to stand the strain. Most of them broke loose, crashing into each other and drifting on top of those that had managed to weather the shock. The crashing of planks and beams right and left, the yelling of the boatmen mixed with the cries of those whose crafts were wrecked, who were struggling in the water, and who were being crushed between the wreckage and disabled junks, combined to render the scene one of the most indescribable turmoil and confusion. Most of these, carried along by the flood, were driven through the narrow channel into the Yangtze, bearing with them further destruction. During the whole of the night distressing shouts and cries were heard from the crews of disabled junks, as they drifted past the Hankow concession, and up to the afternoon wreckage was drifting down the river. Altogether it is believed that some 600 to 800 junks of various sizes have been totally wrecked, whilst those that are more or less damaged are counted by thousands."

Later correspondence states that 600 bodies of the drowned have been recovered.

Heretic Smith's Case.

Saratoga, May 28.—Five thousand people packed Convention hall to-day to participate in the memorial day exercises under auspices of the Y. M. C. A., members of the Presbyterian General Assembly and the Baptist societies now in session.

An "olive branch" committee to confer with Prof. Smith with regard to the final disposition of the case was announced at a late hour last night. It consisted of Dr. McCook of Philadelphia; Dr. Peacock of Kolmesburgh, Pa., and Arthur J. Brown of Portland, Ore., with Elders Smithson of Covington, Ky., and Lewis of St. Paul. All of these men voted against sustaining the appeal of Prof. Smith in any of its specifications. They will see Prof. Smith to-morrow morning. The committeemen intend to form a verdict, that has already been done by the simple affirmation of the sentence of suspension made by the Presbytery of Cincinnati in December, 1892.

CONTEMPT OF SENATE

The American Senate's Select Committee

INVESTIGATING THE SUGAR TRUST

Reports Regarding Contumacious Press Correspondents—Answers to Questions Insisted Upon—Otherwise Proceedings and Punishments According to Law Will Surely Follow.

Washington, D. C., May 29.—The report of the senate select committee investigating the sugar trust was made to the senate this morning. The committee states that it overruled the objections of Judge Dietterhofer, Edwards' counsel, and insisted upon an answer to questions.

Referring to the testimony of John Shriver, a correspondent of the New York Mail and Express, the committee say that in response to direct questions he declined to give the name of either the congressman or the wire manufacturers to whom he referred in his news dispatches. In the opinion of the committee each of the questions put to each of the witnesses was a proper question, and each of the witnesses is in contempt of the senate and merits to be dealt with for his misconduct. Wherefore the committee request that the president of the senate certify to each witness' aforesaid failure to testify and his aforesaid refusal to answer, and all facts herein, under the seal of the senate to the United States district attorney for the District of Columbia, to the end that each of the said witnesses may be proceeded against in the manner and form provided by law.

No reference was made to the case of Henry Walker, correspondent of the New York Daily American.

Washington, D. C., May 29.—After the amendment to the Hawaiian resolution by West, declaring in favor of letting the Sandwich Islanders choose their own form of government, had been laid on the table, the tariff bill was taken up. Peffer then made a motion to lay aside the tariff and resume consideration of Hawaii. The motion was defeated, the Republicans and Populists voting in the affirmative.

HUNDREDS PERISH.

Tremendous Inundations in India Cause Incalculable Loss in Property.

Whole Villages Swept to Destruction With Their Helpless Inhabitants.

Calcutta, May 29.—In the province of Kulu Punjb the river became dammed at Charkuppra by a landslide and formed an immense lake. The dam collapsed later, flooding the country. It is estimated 200 people were drowned. In addition to the loss of 200 lives the Jettings has overflowed its banks in Neh Cachar and inundated an area of hundreds of miles. The result has been a tremendous loss of property and the loss of life is believed to be enormous. Whole villages have been destroyed. The flood is pronounced the most serious in many years.

London, May 29.—A dispatch to the Times from Calcutta to-day says the water rushed onward like a forty-foot wall, sweeping away several villages, among them one of eighty houses.

The Partition of Africa.

Berlin, May 29.—A dispatch from Brussels officially says Germany has protested to the government of the independent Congo Free State against the convention with Great Britain by which the latter obtained a strip of territory which gives uninterrupted communication between Cairo and Capetown. The German government held that the frontier limit agreed on between Germany and the Congo state in 1884 could not be modied without the consent of Germany.

Atlantic Icebergs.

New York, May 29.—The Allan line steamer Grecian, which reached port today from Glasgow, sighted 81 icebergs during the passage.

BONMOTS OF WITTY MEN.

Tales Attributed to Charles Lamb and Douglas Jerrold.

The witty sayings of Charles Lamb and Douglas Jerrold have been gathered together in a book called "Bonmots." Credited to Lamb are the following tales:

An old woman begged Lamb for charity, saying: "Ah, sir, I have seen better days." "So have I, good woman," he replied, glancing at the clouds, which were raining hard at the time.

"I believe you have never heard me preach, Charles?" said Coleridge, referring to the days of his Unitarian ministry. "Yes," retorted Lamb. "I—I—never heard you do anything else."

Jerrold was more fond of epigrammatic sayings, as the following will show:

"That scoundrel, sir!" said Jerrold. "Why, he'd sharpen a knife upon his father's tombstone to kill his mother!"

Of a mistaken philanthropist he said he was "so benevolent, so merciful a man, he would have held an umbrella over a duck in a shower of rain."

Again: "Ask a woman to a tea party in the Garden of Eden and she would draw up her eyelids and scream: 'I can't go without a new gown!'"

"Commentators," said Jerrold, "are worthy folk who too often write on books as men write with diamonds on glass—obscuring light with scratches."

He said to an ardent young gentleman who burned with a desire to see himself in print: "Be advised by me, young man—don't take down the shutters before there is something in the window."—New York Times.

THE INDUSTRIALS.

Disgraceful Conduct of the California Commonwealers.

Fresno, Cal., May 28.—The industrial army here, under the command of Generals Barker and Smith, is becoming decidedly unwelcome to the people of Fresno. The soldiers were drunk and staggering around the streets of the city today begging for whiskey and beer. The officials have refrained from making arrests in the hope that the army would leave peaceably. They show no disposition to do so. This evening when Gen. Barker was asked when he expected to move on he became angry and said he would stay here just as long as he pleased and would defy those who tried to move him. He said the railroad would not carry his men and they would not walk. They have one meal ahead and donations have about ceased. Mrs. Annie Smith, the socialist agitator accompanying the army, said in a speech in the street to-night that the people of Fresno were the meanest she ever saw, and that if the industrial army were starved to violence the people of Fresno could blame themselves and that the home guards would not last five minutes. There is talk of arresting Mrs. Smith if she does not stop her inflammatory speeches.

SIBERIAN RAILWAY.

A Scheme to Connect San Francisco with Vladivostock.

San Diego, Cal., May 28.—It would appear that the line of steamers between Vladivostock, Russia, and San Francisco and San Diego is assured. Count J. J. Teleky is now in this city inspecting harbor facilities, and says that a Russo-American direct transportation company has been organized with a capital of $37,000,000 and that $5,000,000 will be expended in San Diego. The line will be inaugurated about July 15, at which time a Russian representative will arrive in San Francisco to purchase steamers and complete arrangements. The line will connect with the Siberian transcontinental railway at Vladivostock.

AMERICAN ARMY REFORMS.

Orders Issued for the Reorganization of the War Department.

Washington, May 28.—Before leaving Washington on Saturday for his vacation Secretary Lamont issued a sweeping order that he has had in preparation for several months. This will result in the virtual reorganization of the war department on July 1. The terms of the order caused widespread excitement and consternation throughout the bureau. A large number of army officers will be ordered to rejoin their commands. The second order permits but one assistant to each chief, although under special circumstances a second officer may be detailed for special duty. All the others must go, and so must the clerks that have heretofore been needed to carry out the duplication of the red tape system said to exist. The system of correspondence is changed by which about half the communications now reaching the department will receive neither reply nor acknowledgement. Voluminous annual reports hereafter will be confined to succinct narratives, and no one in the department hereafter will write books or engage in any litrary work without special permission. It is estimated that the force of the department, which is now 2,155, will be reduced to less than 1200 by the effect of this order.

Mexico and Hackett Collide.

San Francisco, May 28.—Steamer Mexico, Captain Debney, and tug Walter Hackett, in command of Captain Mantel, collided off Black Point shortly before 7 o'clock this evening. The Mexico, which had just arrived from Victoria, was slowly steaming up the harbor with headway only sufficient for steering purposes. The tug was lying off Black Point with a number of customs officers ready to board the Mexico. The captain of the Hackett drove his vessel with too much speed towards the Mexico, striking that vessel on the starboard side, tearing off a small piece of guard rail and breaking the steam pipe which supplied her whistle. The engineer of the Hackett remained in the engine room until it filled with steam. The Mexico took the Hackett in tow and dropped her off the barge office, where repairs were made to the broken pipe.

Quickly Disillusioned.

Everett, Wn., May 28.—F. A. Seaton, architect, who left this town for South Africa six months ago, surprised his friends and the citizens generally by putting in an appearance on the streets yesterday. Mr. Seaton saw enough of the land of the Caffres and Hottentots to convince him that the dazzling reports scattered abroad by transportation agencies about the distant El-Dorado were without foundation in fact. During his stay there he saw more destitution and general wretchedness then in all his previous experience. He says that there are fully two thousand idle men in Johannesburg. Mr. Seaton started on his homeward trip on April 2, arriving here on the 24th inst.

Burned at Friday Harbor.

Seattle, May 28.—Captain L. Henspeter, owner of the steamer Dispatch, recently burned at Friday Harbor, arrived in the city last night on the Lydia Thompson. He comes to arrange with the insurance companies. The steamer was insured for $3,000. Captain Henspeter states that had the fire been discovered thirty seconds or a minute later than when the alarm was given, himself, wife and engineer would certainly have been overcome and burned to death. As it was they got out in their night clothes and scarcely anything was saved. Mrs. Henspeter leaped from the rails to the dock across the flames, and in doing so hurt one of her hands quite severely, but was glad to escape so easily. The steamer is a total loss.

Father Kolaszewsky's Charge.

Cleveland, May 28.—Late last night a Polish woman named Elizabeth Janicki was found wandering in the streets in the southern part of the city, suffering from a badly cut [illegible] on the head. She said she had been assaulted by a man, but she could not give particulars of the assault. She has not yet recovered consciousness. Rev. A. F. Kolaszewsky, the deposed pastor of St Stanislaus Catholic church, makes a startling charge in connection with the assault. He declares the woman is the principal witness in possession of information in a plot to blow him up with dynamite. After his deposition the Rev. Kolaszewsky went to Syracuse, N. Y., and he declares Korcinski followed him to that city and, with a crucifix in his hand, confessed that he was to blow him up. A short time thereafter a Polish printing office in this city was burnt. In the ruins of the building the body of Korcinski was found with a knife wound in the abdomen. He says Korcinski was murdered and his body burned to conceal the crime by persons who knew of his confession, and an attempt has been made to put Mrs. Janicki out of the way because of her knowledge in the plot. The other faction of the St. Stanislaus congregation laugh at the priest's story, but the police are investigating the assault.

France Without a Cabinet.

Paris, May 28.—M. Dupuy, who is trying to form a cabinet, continues his conferences with men whom he desires to accept office. The chief difficulty relates to the portfolios of foreign affairs and finance. M. Bourdeau and M. Boulanger have both refused office. President Carnot this evening had a long interview with M. Bourdeau, but the latter persisted in his refusal to accept the portfolio. President Carnot is to have a conference with M. Boulanger, and if he refuses to take the office the president has offered him M. Dupuy will abandon the task of forming a ministry.

Communist Demonstration.

Paris, May 28.—Several meetings were held to-day to celebrate the establishment of the commune. A number of socialist members of the chamber of deputies were present. The programme of the socialists included a visit to the cemetery of Pere la Chaise, where many of those who lost their lives in the troublous days of the commune are buried. The police, however, would not allow any one except those carrying wreaths to enter the cemetery, and speeches were forbidden. A large crowd stood outside the gate of the burying place, but no disorderly demonstration was made. Rain was falling, and this put a damper on enthusiasm.

FACTS ABOUT CRYSTALS.

Discovery of a More Perfect Way of Measuring Them.

The suggestion of a hypothesis for a new law of crystaline structure has resulted from the experimental researches of the Rev. W. F. C. Morsell, who was recently awarded the John Scott medal by the city of Philadelphia on the recommendation of the Franklin institute for his discoveries in the application of polarization color to art teaching.

If the hypothesis be verified, which seems very probable, it will be a radically new law of crystallization, yet it will be no more than an application of Sir David Brewster's law of polarization, which, however, has so far never been applied to solving the angles of crystals.

Mr. Morsell, so says the Philadelphia Times, has noticed that variations of the crystal angles from 90 degrees are always multiples of the distance between the path of the rays in a double refracting crystal. For instance, in Iceland spar the rays separated about six degrees and twenty minutes; and nineteen degrees, the angle of the face for incident light is three times this distance.

Testing the hypothesis, it was found that the indices of refraction for both rays could be worked out trigonometrically by the ratio of sines and cosines of the crystal's angles.

In quartz Mr. Morsel observed such remarkable verification of the hypothesis that a quartz crystal appears "to be, to use his own language, "nature's own edition of trigonometrical tables."

If this new theory be verified it will lead to the conclusion that there is a trace of an ideal crystal in the natural prism of spar and that the variations of natural crystals from the ideal are measured by comparing the angles of the natural crystal with ninety degrees or with the nearest sub-multiple of 360 degrees.

In quartz, which is double refracting, the paths of the rays differ by thirty minutes. This enters many hundreds of times into the angles of quartz. The multiples are true for degrees and true for seconds, and so on to infinity.

It follows that the index of refraction can be applied to infinitestimal molecular colculations and in the thin layer of molecules on any polished surface there is the apparatus to determine the path of reflected rays, and the shape of the molecule itself or of some infinitesimal group of molecules may have an angular relation to the wave length of the refracted ray. All bodies like glass, polished stone, etc., which have an index of refraction must have a molecular structure with crystal angles in the molecules sufficiently regular to affect different wave lengths of light.

In very small angles the sine and tangent become identical with the curve which they measure, so that a molecule or group of molecules is approximately bounded by circles, but when compared with a wave length of light its angles must have a distinct effect, so that in the thin molecular layer on a surface or any substances the molecules are infinittsimal crystals, each with its own refraction and polarizing angle.

The suggestion of this law has been laid before several scientific men who [illegible] exceedingly hopeful in giving a radical explanation of crystal phenomena from an optical standpoint, and Mr. Morsell has been advised to communicate the facts to Dr. Crookes, the celebrated German scientist.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

MATCH-MAKING MAMMAS

Are not always successful in making good matches. In this they differ from the E. B. EDDY CO., who make Good Matches every day—and even if a flare-up occurs at times and there is a smell of brimstone in the air, the interested persons are satisfied with ... ...

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

AS AN AMBULANCE.

New Use of the Bicycle Proposed by an Inventor.

A novelty in city ambulance service has just been taken into consideration for practical service in Chicago. This is a bicycle adaptation of the stretcher which is said to fulfill all the requirements of a handy and serviceable ambulance. The invention, says the Chicago Herald, consists of a simple contrivance, a bicycle of the safety type, with an ambulance attachment. The stretcher is fastened securely but easily, to the top of the bicycle frame, and the wounded or sick person lying on the stretcher may then be safely and with very little exertion rolled along either a plane or an incline, over steps and stairs, rocks and declivities, without being shaken or otherwise inconvenienced to any appreciable extent. The frame to which the stretcher is fastened is made of aluminum, thus being very light and yet durable, and this frame may be lowered on inclined almost at any angle. The bicycle again is so constructed that the frame and stretcher are quickly taken off or adjusted, and in going to the scene of disaster, be it battle field or anywhere else, the vehicle may be used by surgeon or ambulance man to ride on and to convey him quickly to the spot.

The inventor believes that his invention will prove of paramount utility in the future, as he is now constructing different types of it for different uses. For instance, he is now constructing an ambulance similar to the regular bicycle by using only the bicycle wheel and single axle connection, omitting seat, handle, bar, etc, where it is desirable to leave the stretcher proper attached to the wheel permanently; also another one consisting of a folding frame with folding wire or canvas mattress secured to a single wheel for convenience, to remove patients through very narrow and short-turning stairways, thereby doing away with the actual carrying of the patient.

When the scalp is atrophied, or shiny-bald, no preparation will restore the hair; in all other cases, Hall's Hair Renewer will start a growth.

SKIRTS AND SHOULDER BLADES.

Physical Culture that Will Improve the Fit of New Gowns.

The next most important thing to the proper hang of you new overskirt is the set of your shoulder blades. They must be as flat as the flattest of flounders, says the New York Sun, and if they show a dimple here and there so much the better. Such shoulder blades are ones to boast of, and rare exceptions. The trouble all lies with three muscles, and that they are troublesome you can judge for yourself from the choice they have made of spelling and pronunciation—trapezius and rhomboidei.

The former is one large muscle which begins at the base of the skull and continues down the spine for some way, branching out en route to the shoulder blades; the rhomboidei are two muscles between, and to bring the shoulder blades to the proper flat condition a little physical culture must be brought to bear upon these muscles. A very good exercise is to lie face downward, place the hands upon the shoulders and raise the body up on the knees until the arms are straight. For the second exercise raise the body up until the toes and hands are the only two points of support. Another very beneficial exercise is to stand upright, take a dumbbell in each hand, or some heavy weight, and, keeping the arms straight, swing the weights.

Mr. J. W. Dykeman
St. George, New Brunswick.

After the Grip

No Strength, No Ambition

Hood's Sarsaparilla Gave Perfect Health.

The following letter is from a well-known merchant tailor of St. George, N. B.:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen—I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills have done me a great deal of good. I had a severe attack of the grip in the winter, and after getting over the fever I did not seem to gather strength, and had no ambition. Hood's Sarsaparilla proved to be just what I needed. The results were very satisfactory, and I recommend this medicine to all who are afflicted with rheumatism or other

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

afflictions caused by poison and poor blood. I always keep Hood's Sarsaparilla in my house and use it when I need a tonic. We also keep Hood's Pills on hand and think highly of them. J. W. DYKEMAN, St. George, New Brunswick.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists.

$50 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons destroying or injuring the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
23rd January, 1894. 224

NOTICE.

The Public Library and Reading Room, City Hall, will be closed during repairs until further notice.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C.,
April 23, 1894.

CITY OF VICTORIA.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing all complaints against the Assessment of 1894 as made by the Assessor of the City of Victoria, will be held at Council Chambers, City Hall, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 30th day of May, 1894, at 10 o'clock a.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B. C.,
April 23rd, 1894.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
123 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. s19-tf

SING KEE,

24 Herald Street, Victoria, B C

Intelligence Office.

All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at short est notice. Contracts taken m1-tf

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for a transfer to Cora E. Tugwell of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Prince of Wales" Saloon, situate on the corner of Government and Cormorant street, in the city of Victoria.

JOSEPH MEUNIER.

Victoria, B.C., February 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at the sittings of the Board to be held in June, 1894, for a license to sell by retail wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors in and upon the part known as the basement of the building situate upon lots ten (10) and eleven (11), block seventy-seven (77), Victoria City, the Board of Trade Building.

WM. JENSEN.

Dated Victoria, B.C., May 7th, 1894. 80t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I shall apply for a transfer of my license to sell wines and liquors by retail at Colonial Hotel, Johnson street to John Slater.

THOS. TUGWELL.

Victoria, B. C., 9th May, 1894.

NOTICE.

COMPETITIVE PLANS

and Estimates of Cost for the Construction of a Permanent Roadway across James Bay on the line of Government St. between Humboldt street and Belleville street, will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 1st day of July, 1894.

Plan and profile of sight and particulars of competition may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

Awards—1st prize, $350; 2nd prize, $150.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M. C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B. C., April 26, 1894. 3-1m

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plumerfelt, Gorge Road

TO THE PUBLIC.

It having been rumored that merchant tailoring firms in Victoria are employing Chinese labor in competition with white labor during these depressed times, we, the undersigned, after making a thorough investigation, are aware that the practice is not general, and we beg to inform the public that we do not and will not employ Chinese labor in the manufacture of our goods.

JOHN CALVERT,
W. D. KINNAIRD,
D. CAMPBELL & CO.,
J. T. BURROWES,
JAMES McCORKALL,
R. J. MATTHEWS,
JOHN McCALLUM, Broad St.
THOS. HOWELL,
THOMAS & GRANT,
J. W. CREIGHTON,
T. W. WALKER & CO.,
S. POTTS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Via Revelstoke

TO

Robson, Fort Shepherd,
Slocan, Hendryx,
Ainsworth, Nelson,
Balfour, Pilot Bay,
Kaslo, AND ALL
Kootenay Points.

For passenger and freight rates apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Freight and Passenger Agent.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Victoria.
Dist. Pass. Agent,
Vancouver.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry G. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Crookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."				TONNAGE 1117		
6.30 pm	Lv	M 1	...	Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	28	Pt. Townsend		72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...	Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...	Tacoma...	161	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent.
Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON
Asst. Gen. Pass Agent.
121 First Washington, Portland, Or

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. A. RATTRAY,
General Agent,
No. 4 Adelphi Block,
Govt. st., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B.C.
F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.
St. Paul, Minnesota

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,730 tons) Saturday, June 9th, 1894, 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 114 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New Line of Steel Screw Steamers

Alameda....Thursday, May 31, at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mail

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Boston Square, Victoria

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER
Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P M

Umatilla - - - June 2

E. P. SMITHE & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Connects on Friday morning for New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 18th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.	No. 3 Passenger Ft's Tues. & Sundays.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Ft's Mon. & Fridays.
Miles from Wellington.	Ar. Noon	Ar. 7.30	WELLINGTON	Miles from Victoria.	Lv. 1.00	Lv. 4.00
9	12 30	7 20	Nanaimo	9	12 50	3 50
17	12 10	7 00	Cedar	17	12 30	3 30
22	11 57	6 47	Wellington	22	12 17	3 17
26	11 50	6 40	Extension	26	12 10	3 10
29	11 45	6 35	Gordon River	29	12 05	3 05
34	11 35	6 25	Koksilah	34	11 55	2 55
38	11 27	6 17	Shawnigan	38	11 47	2 47
42	11 18	6 08	Cobble Hill	42	11 38	2 38
47	11 08	5 58	Maple Leaf	47	11 28	2 28
51	11 00	5 50	Westholme	51	11 20	2 20
55	10 52	5 42	Chemainus	55	11 12	2 12
62	10 38	5 28	Ladysmith	62	11 00	2 00
68	10 25	5 15	Northfield	68	10 45	1 45
74	10 15	5 05	Departure Bay	74	10 35	1 35
76	10 10	5 00	Extension	76	10 30	1 30
78	10 05	4 55	Diamond	78	10 25	1 25
80	10 00	4 50	Crossing	80	10 20	1 20
81	9 55	4 45	Nanaimo	81	10 15	1 15
Ar.	Lv. 9.00	Lv. 4.00		Lv.	Ar. 9.50	Ar. 1.00

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1102 Pacific Ave Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893, Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or passage apply on board, at the Company's ticket office, Victoria. [illegible]

THE PALACE OF TRUTH.

A Missionary's Work in a Mongol Village—An Interesting Tale.

Incentive to Join the "Jesus Religion"—The Big Temple—One Christian.

A missionary ought to find very little employment for his efforts in a palace of truth, but the Mongol village that boasts of this name is neither conspicuous for its palatial appearance, nor any great fondness for truth on the part of its inhabitants. I stayed there a short time, and can testify to a much greater fondness for receiving medicine gratis, inspecting my paper windows, and generally amusing themselves at his expense.

Though itself but a small village, it is the seat of a Mongol prince, and the capital of his little kingdom, and in it and the surrounding villages, which are numerous, the Mongol element very largely predominates over the Chinese. It is situated about three days' journey north-east of Chao-yang—very prettily in the angle of a river and its tributary—encircled by mountains and with sloping commons about it, and a good sprinkling of trees. It contains a Mongol yamen, a few Mongol and Chinese soldiers, three inns, and one or two shops. The Mongols here seem to have held their own against the rebels of two years ago, and the houses and temples are intact. Of the latter there are three, very finely built, with some five hundred Llamas in attendance.

Every one who has no merit of his own seems to set up as a distant relative of the prince. At first this personage impresses you with a certain amount of respect, especially when you are requested to dismount in passing the entrance to his residence—but when, once a day, some half-starved individual comes along and claims distant relationship to the prince, your reverence for his greatness begins to diminish. He appears to be quite an autocrat, and rules with exceptional severity. The slaves of his household, I am solemnly told, get a beating all round every eighth day, whether they want it or not, just to keep them up to the mark. The Mongols all stand in awe of him. Offence to the prince, loss of land or other property, persecution from friends, and boycotting by their fellow villagers await most Mongols who forsake their idols and become Christians. With the Llamas (priests) the case seems even more hopeless, as their existence is bound up with that of the temple in which they serve, each Llama being so much essence of Mongol Buddhism. But greater perhaps than any outward hindrance is the Mongol's superstitious and sensual nature—the greatest barrier is after all within themselves.

I lived a fortnight in the Palace of Truth, dispensing medicine and preaching, and occasionally giving a magic lantern exhibition. The latter took place at night in the open air, and were attended by Mongols for miles around. They were doubtless the most popular element in my visit. I worked the lantern with cold fingers, a military friend kept the course clear with a stout stick, and my Chinese boy explained the scripture and European slides; a kangaroo was regularly advertised as an English rat, and a very highly colored bird with a wonderful tail became a specimen of an ordinary English fowl. At the end of the exhibition a Mongol offered to join the "Jesus religion" if I would only allow him to work the missionary lantern.

As no foreigner had ever visited the place before, I was the object of no small curiosity. I don't think I had a solid half-hour to myself (out of bed) from the time I set foot in the inn till the time I left. As I consider it a part of a missionary's duty to enlighten the eyes of the heathen as well as their hearts, I always allow a free inspection of myself and some of my goods to any well-behaved audience. For the first few days, after dispensing from directly after breakfast till nearly noon, I was "on show" for the rest of the day. My paper windows soon looked as if a dynamite explosion had taken place not far away. The wearisomeness of being continually gazed at is difficult to imagine. How Gilliver endured it for months at a time I cannot think. A ride out at noon was the only respite during the day, but this was so alarming to the Mongols that I had to proceed cautiously, and at first keep within view on the common. That I should get out simply for exercise was not to be believed by people who never indulged in it unless it took the shape of working their lower jaws. I was supposed to be ruining the "feng shui" of the place, and calling down untold disasters from the gods.

Their opposition to foreigners was not concealed. I was plainly told that I should be turned out directly the prince came back from Peking. Then the Llamas of the great temple ten miles away said they were coming to do this much for me if I didn't sooner clear. Only once I had a little trouble, when a rude Llama tried to force his way into my room during dispensing time. A few pieces of mortar were thrown at me by the crowd (come to get medicine gratis!) but a military official came along and restored order.

The big temple just referred to is ten miles away fro Fo Lama Sen. I visited it one day with my boy and the Llamas there proved true to their word. It is one of the largest temples of inner Mongolia, with 5,000 attendant priests, 3,600 of whom are engaged in temple service. After looking at the temple (we were not allowed inside), a large crowd of Llamas gathered, in their yellow robes, and began to get noisy. Our horses were in the yard of a Llama's houe and we quietly untied them and walked off. He wouldn't take, by the way, any money for allowing our beasts to be left in his yard. His house and yard didn't belong to him. "They belong," he said "to Buddah and no one else." However, he became Buddah's treasurer to the extent of 500 cash and that without any persuasion. The crowd getting noisier we got on our beasts and made haste slowly. A few stones, bits of mortar and wood, then began to rain around and my horse was struck several times with a stick. By turning rapidly round once or twice, and making as though I would charge, the crowd fell back and enabled us to get away without further trouble. They continued to call out "kill them," but no one had courage enough to try. They didn't know what power the foreigner might exercise, which is, was little enough, but then if they had only known.

Despite opposition, however, my first visit to the Palace of Truth was not without encouraging results. The number of patients a day averaged about 70 and they generally listened very attentively as we preached to them at intervals during dispensing. I should have been better understood if I could have spoken in Mongol, but most of the Mongols of this place can speak a little Chinese. The last few days my medicine gave out, and I had to fall back on tooth pulling. A few successfully drawn teeth brought me all the rotten stumps of the district to practice upon. Amusement ran high as everyone egged on his neighbor to be tortured for the sport of the community, but lacked courage enough to come himself.

I found one Christian here when I arrived. He is the prince's watchman, and [illegible] and dress a beggar, a brave and loyal heart beats beneath his rags, and shines through his dirty face. For five years he has not seen the face of a fellow Christian—he was several days out in regard to Sunday—yet this solitary witnesser of the truth, in one of the high places of idolatry, had so maintained his Christian character, as well as his belief, that he was respected by all, and looked upon by the prince as the one steady and absolutely reliable servant he had. A Chinese schoolmaster and tutor of the prince's two boys had become so interested in Christianity through his means, that he expressed a wish to become baptized, and to confess himself openly the Christian he is already at heart. Faithful watchman! As I heard him going his rounds while the village was wrapped in darkness and slumber, he seemed not to be in the services of any earthly prince, but to be a watchman to the Prince of Peace, and with every tap of his gong to be warning his sleeping countrymen to awake out of their slumber of death. At Kulirh, two days north of this place, I came upon another solitary Christian amongst a large Chinese population, and overjoyed to look once more into the face of a fellow Christian. Probably neither of them do much actual preaching, but their unswerving loyalty to Christ, and the silent testimony of their Christian lives have poured forth a daily eloquence easily understood by all, and more forcible than many sermons.

One day we were rejoiced to see a young Mongol come forward and ask to have his name entered as an inquirer. He appeared to be quite sincere in his wish, but his notions of Christianity were very fleshly, and when I asked him if he were willing to suffer persecution on account of his faith he said "He'd like to know the person who dare persecute him—he should do as he pleased in his own house." He was, by the way, one of the prince's "distant relatives"—I'm afraid not a very promising case. The prince's carter (also a Mongol) expressed a similar desire to enter the Jesus religion, but he failed to attend any of the services held every evening in my room.

The schoolmaster did, however, and a Chinese barber came regularly, and the former greatly enjoyed reading the "Pilgrim's Progress." The latter had very crude notions about Christianity, but he said "If there is anything I am doing now that I ought not, if you'll tell me what it is, I am quite willing to give it up." I thought this a very good start—"if any man will do my will he shall know of the doctrine."

Three other Chinamen also wished to join us, and expressed themselves as finding no satisfaction in their present beliefs.

Thus the Chinaman, as is ever the case, is far more ready to accept the truth than his more timid and ignorant Mongol brother. Though we repeatedly tell them this is not a foreigner's doctrine but God's they fear the foreigner's influence. A Chinese sect, it seems, at the time of the rebellion made many Mongol converts in these parts, but afterwards turned against them and joined the insurgents. They fear the same of us, they say, though we never cease to proclaim the fact that we have come on the other hand in the interests of peace and good will.

In fear of their prince, in the grip of a vast and powerful religious system, enslaved by superstition and corrupted by vice, the outlook for the Mongols is anything but hopeful. But our faith is in One who knows of no difficulty and by the working and influence of whose spirit this unwelcomed "Palace of Truth" may come some day to be more worthy of its beautiful name.

Will the Popular Books of To-Day Live?

If you ask admirers of the younger contemporary literature whether they think it will be long lived, you will find that the most optimistic of them rather blench at the question. And if you yourself recall the most conspicuous and successful books of the last decade, not to speak of the single tales or poems, is it easy to think of two of which you can say seriously that you believe they will be well known at the end of twenty years? There has been no lack of instances of great temporary vogue, quite as remarkable as similar ones of the past—and not of the lower sensational order either, but among the more thoughtful readers who make, or ought to make, the beginning of enduring reputation. Yet I think every one who stops to think of it feels all that is "going" just now (the word is ominous) this peculiar lack of the permanent element—a lack which is really something more than the common fancy of the worshiper of the past, or the unappeasable critic of new things. Just what is responsible for it is an interesting question, though one of those to which, after we have settled them neatly, some suddenly arriving man of genius commonly gives the great solution that upsets all others. Certainly it seems clear, for one thing, that its overwhelming devotion to extreme contemporaneousness, to local color and to minuteness of characterization, is heavily against the chances of long life of even our cleverest fiction; not so much its realism as its tendency to the microscope and the use of the "instantaneous shutter"—to take a figure from the camera.—From "The Point of View," in Scribner's.

Eczema causes an itching so persistent as to produce, not only sleeplessness, but, at times, even delirium. Local applications will not remove the cause, which is impure blood. Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures this disease by cleansing the blood and eradicating all humors.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

A Vancouver Baby Story.

The Mother Has Something to Say.

There is to-day in the city of Vancouver, B. C., a wonderful baby boy. Four months ago its mother had small hopes for its life; to-day, it is a living monument of what Lactated Food can do for puny, weak and half dead babies. The grateful mother writes as follows:

"When my baby boy was eight weeks old it made my heart sore to see its weak and emaciated body. Its sickness and decline commenced when it was a month old. Just then, owing to a sickness I had, baby had to be bottle-fed. He did not seem to like his food, and grew thinner from day to day. My husband, meeting the doctor on the street one day, told him of baby's condition. This doctor at once suggested using your Lactated Food. My husband brought home a package, some of which was prepared and fed to baby. My darling seemed to like it, and it agreed with him. After a week's trial of Lactated Food, baby was getting better and stronger, and did not have as many crying spells. Well, to-day, he is a real wonder. My friends are all astonished when they see little Arthur; he is big, fat and healthy; his flesh is hard and firm, and he is always laughing and prattling. He is heavier and bigger than some babies who are three months older. Your wonderful Lactated Food saved his life, and I will ever remember it."

THE PARASOL'S ORIGIN.

A Rude Form of Umbrella Was Used in Biblical Times.

The history of the parasol and that of the umbrella is really identical, and the use of them dates from early ages. Some commentators fancy they have discovered them in the Bible, where a shade or protection from the sun is mentioned. The origin of the parasol is wrapped in obscurity. Some suppose that large leaves tied to branching extremities of a bough suggested the first idea; others that it was probably derived from a tent, which is still unaltered in form. Dr. Morrison says there is a tradition in China that the "Saw," signifying shade for sun or rain, originated in standards and banners waving in the air. Probably the parasol owes its existence to any or all of the above ideas. Traces of it are frequently seen in Nineveh sculptures, always as an emblem of royalty and reserved exclusively for the monarch's use.

In Egypt the parasol is found, in ancient drawings, to have been of various shapes—sometimes as a fan of palm leaves or colored feathers fixed on a long handle, at others in its modern form. In Persia the parasol is found among the carved work at Persepolis, and also in sculptures at Takht-i-Bostan, supposed to be not less than 1200 years old. In Assyria, as in most eastern countries, the use of the parasol carried a peculiar and honorable significance, often being represented as shading the gods. It also had a religious meaning in Greece, but there it was further an indispensable adjunct of a lady of fashion.

As in Greece, so in Rome, it was common for women, and even men, to defend themselves from the heat by means of the "Umbraculum." It was then formed of skin or leather, able to be lowered at will, and probably much the same in construction as our own. In Rome it was always used as a luxury, never as a mark of distinction. Pliny speaks of it as an umbrella made of palm leaves; but latterly they were probably very gorgeous, for we find one mentioned as being inwrought with gold; this seems to account for the fact of their being used soley as a protection from the sun, being so elaborate that they would not bear exposure to the rain.

In England are references to the umbrella now and then in the middle ages, but it was not in common use. A drawing from the Harleian MS. depicts an Anglo-Saxon gentleman attended by a servant carrying his umbrella. The general use of the parasol in France and England was probably adopted from China about the middle of the seventeenth century, but for a long time they were little more than curiosities. Evelyn, in his Diary for June 22, 1664, names, amongst other objects in an exhibition, "fans like those our ladies use, but much larger, and with long handles, strangely carved and filled with Chinese characters." This is probably a description of ancient parasols.

In an old dictionary of "French and English Tongues" the French word ombrelle is translated, "A round and broad fanne, wherewith the Indians (and with them our great ones) preserve themselves from the heat of a scorching 'sunne'; and hence any little shadow, fanne or thing wherewith women hide their faces fro' the sunne." Thus we see that our foremothers did not go entirely unprotect- from the rays of the "sunne," though they probably walked abroad very little beyond their own grounds, and there—

"Our fathers know the value of a screen
From sultry suns; and, in their shaded walks
And long protracted bowers, enjoyed at noon
The gloom and coolness of declining day."

—Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

ONE OF THE BONAPARTES.

Death of a Grand Nephew of Napoleon in London.

A person bearing the name of Bonaparte—Louis Clovis Bonaparte—died in London last Monday. He was known for the main portion of his life as Louis Clovering Clovis, and was a civil engineer residing in London, but October 12, 1891, he was acknowledged by Louis Lucien Bonaparte as his son, thus making the hitherto Mr. Clovis the grand-nephew of the Emperor Napoleon. Mr. Louis Clovering Clovis Bonaparte was noted for nothing except marrying a woman who, some people said, had not been divorced from her husband, and then himself marrying a second time without, it would appear, the formality of a divorce from his first wife. In a suit growing out of the complicated situation he was also charged with taking and carrying away $100,000 worth of jewelry. This disreputable story recalls the circumstances that the Bonapartes have not been a par- [illegible] fate of the exile of St. Helena threw a shadow over his previous successes; the final end of the third Napoleon (admitting him to have been a Bonaparte) was most miserable, and the tragic death of his son, abandoned by a coward to die at the hands of Zulus, is well remembered. Besides these tragedies many sad, miserable and disgraceful events have occurred in the history of the Bonapartes. The happiest of the Bonapartes have probably been the American descendants of Jerome and the Baltimore wife whom he repudiated at the command of his imperial brother; these Bonapartes, too, have stood the highest in the matter of personal character and attainments.—Kansas City Star.

A GHASTLY GIFT

Given to a Hotel Clerk as a Token of Appreciation.

"Hotel clerks are frequently the recipients of little presents from regular guests of the house as tokens of regard," said Ben H. Brobst of the Anderson yesterday. "I have received many peculiar gifts in my time, some so strange that I wondered what ever got in the people's heads to give them, but I always knew, no matter what the gift might be, that the spirit in which it was given merited my gratitude. But once I struck a phase of generosity in a man that was difficult to appreciate. He gave me the strangest present I had ever received. It was a coffin. Not only was it a coffin, but it was a second-hand coffin—one that had contained a corpse. It happened in this way. A regular customer, who lives in New York, had the misfortune to lose his wife. She had expressed a wish that her body be cremated after death. Her husband, wishing to carry out her wishes, had brought the body in a casket to this city to have it cremated. Knowing of his bereavement, I felt quite sorry for the man's loss and tried to be as sympathetic as I could. He appreciated my kindness, for as he was going home he handed me a slip of paper, saying: 'You've been kind to me, and I want you to know that I appreciate it.' I looked at the paper he put in my hand. It was an order on a prominent undertaker for a casket the gentleman had left him. I was at a loss to understand what to do under these strange circumstances. The thought of a coffin made cold chills run through my back. At last I said falteringly, drawing it as mild as I could: 'But, Mr. Blank, I don't want to take this from you.' Before I had time to go any further he interrupted me by explaining: 'That's all right, my young friend; you are not depriving me of it at all. I brought my wife's body over in it, and now have no use for it. I want you to take it.' I hesitated for a moment, and then said: 'I don't want the coffin, Mr. Blank. It is perfectly useless to me, for which I am thankful, and at the same time it gives me the horrors.' 'Oh' said the charitable man, 'if you feel that way about it, take it and give it to some charitable institution.' And without waiting for me to protest he packed up his grip and rushed off for the train. Here I was with a second-hand coffin on my hands. I tried to give it to several of my friends. They gave strange shudders and refused my generosity in strong language. I saw that nothing could be done but to donate it to charity, so I called up the Allegheny general hospital and told them of the case. I gave the written order for the coffin to the hospital man, and that was the last I heard of my ghastly gift."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Bussie (at dinner)—Are you fond of French dressing?

Miss Breezy—Yes; I get all my gowns made in Paris.

Skidway—She was a widow lady.

Shadwell—Yes, and she married a widower gentleman.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lymans, Sons & Co., Montreal. Wholesale agents. 1m&w

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

Attention

In time to any irregularity of the Stomach, Liver, or Bowels may prevent serious consequences. Indigestion, costiveness, headache, nausea, biliousness, and vertigo indicate certain functional derangements, the best remedy for which is Ayer's Pills. Purely vegetable, sugar-coated, easy to take and quick to assimilate, this is the ideal family medicine—the most popular, safe, and useful aperient in pharmacy. Mrs. M. A. Brockwell, Harris, Tenn., says:

"Ayer's Cathartic Pills cured me of sick headache and my husband of neuralgia. We think there is

No Better Medicine,

and have induced many to use it.

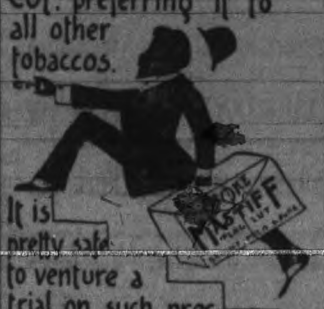
"Thirty-five years ago this ring, I was run down by hard work and a succession of colds, which made me so feeble that it was an effort for me to walk. I consulted the doctors, but kept sinking lower until I had given up all hope of ever being better. Happening to be in a store, one day, where medicines were sold, the proprietor noticed my weak and sickly appearance, and, after a few questions as to my health, recommended me to try Ayer's Pills. I had little faith in these or any other medicine, but concluded, at last, to take his advice and try a box. Before I had used them all, I was very much better, and two boxes cured me. I am now 80 years old; but I believe that if it had not been for Ayer's Pills, I should have been in my grave long ago. I buy 6 boxes every year, which make 210 boxes up to this time, and I would no more be without them than without bread."—H. H. Ingraham, Rockland, Me.

AYER'S PILLS

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective

Hundreds of thousands of smokers are now using MASTIFF Plug Cut, preferring it to all other tobaccos.



It is pretty safe to venture a trial on such precedents. Suppose you try a package and ascertain the cause of its popularity.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

Unwritten Law in the Best Society

For Dinners, House Parties, Afternoon Receptions and Five o'Clocks, the necessary, nay, the indispensable adjunct to the correct repast is

Chocolat-Menier?

Only Vanilla Chocolate of highest grade, is manufactured by MENIER—Beneficial even for the most delicate.

Can be taken just before retiring.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR CHOCOLAT MENIER. ANNUAL SALES EXCEED 60 MILLION POUNDS. If he hasn't it on sale send his name and your address to MENIER, Canadian Branch, No. 14 St. John St., Montreal, Que.

SAVE Money! Time! Labor!

—BY USING—

THE H. & K.

Self Cleansing Plate Polishing Cloth

NO PLATE POWDER NECESSARY.

The cloths are chemically prepared and will not injure the finest ware.

Used by the best families in Great Britain for polishing silver and plated ware.

The cloths will last for months and retain their polishing properties to the end. The best thing ever introduced for polishing silver and plated ware.

Price 25 cents per cloth, or three cloths for 50 cents.

For sale at—

SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO., and WEILER BROS., VICTORIA, B. C.

Tenders for Washing.

Tenders will be received on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty on or before noon of Thursday, the 31st of May, instant, for performing such washing as may be required for H. M. Naval Hospital, Esquimalt, for one year certain from 1st August next.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be had on application at this office.

T. SYDNEY DOBBIN, For Naval Storekeeper, Etc.

Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, 17 May, 1894. 17-td

The Japanese Bazaar

NEW GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER!

Porcelains, Baskets, Matting, Curios.

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort Street VICTORIA, B. C

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH. DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING. A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C.

Argyle House

Just Received

A Manufacturers' Lot of

SAMPLES

Which we bought 30 per cent. below cost price.....

IN

Ladies' Ties,
Womens' and Childrens' Stockings,
Womens' and Childrens' Undervests.
Gloves,
Womens' Jerseys,
Handkerchiefs,
Sox, Etc.

IF YOU WANT

A BARGAIN

GIVE US A CALL.

J. Horner & Co.

83 Douglas Street.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 6:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on the 18th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $55,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000 each, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of May, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England, New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. from the 1st of May, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Electric Lighting By-Law, 1894" with principal and interest secured by a rate on all taxable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 5th, 1894. ap 11-td

VETERINARY.

D. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wenda, V.S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Hall's Livery 100 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. feb17

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng., has come to reside in Victoria, and has opened an office at 94 Pandora street. He has for twenty-five years been engaged in general family and obstetric practice, with considerable experience in diseases of children. He also gives special attention to diseases of the chest and stomach. Dr. Williams' had several years' practical experience in one of the largest hospitals in London and is a Doctor of Medicine of the University of Aberdeen, Scotland. He has been for many years a member of the Pathological Society, a member of the British Homoeopathic Society and a Fellow of the British Gynaecological Society. He has thus had extensive experience in both the old and new systems of medical treatment.
Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora St., city. Telephone No. 153. m12-1m

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 16 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 622.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery.

MISS FOX,
Teacher of Piano and Harmonium.
RESIDENCE—36 Mason street, near Pandora avenue. mar21-1m

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER.—Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 464.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Coughlan. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. feb3

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy26 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy13 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 139, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, 1-19 SCRIBE E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 4,
Regular convocation every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight Templars cordially invited to attend.
E. PEMBERTON, E. of R. & S. octl9

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the 3rd Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
D. C. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, and Kitchen Furnishing Goods. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE,
137 Cormorant Street.

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. HUMBER,
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College,
Has opened Dental Parlors at 93 1-2 Douglas street, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Phase Metallic Root Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving to all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

THE
Bank Exchange

I beg to inform my friends and patrons that I have enlarged and entirely renovated the above-named well-known resort, and can now justly term it the coolest and most attractive establishment on the coast. A competent Chef has charge of the kitchen and restaurant, which will be conducted on the German style. The new heating apparatus enables me to serve Merchants' luncheon always hot from 11:30 a.m. till 2:30 p.m. and all night after 6 p.m. at 15 cents.
Bill of fare for luncheon includes Soup, Fish, Roast, Stew, and various vegetables, as per daily bulletin board.
Table d'hote from 6 p.m. at 50 cents, including beer or wine. Meals a la carte at all hours day or night.
Three handsome, quiet dining-rooms upstairs, suitable for private and family dinners, served at short notice and reasonable prices.
Direct importer of German Rhine Wines, French and California Clarets, Champagnes, Glika, Kummel, Bavarian, Carlsruher, Danish and Swedish Beer, etc.
Now on the way from Berlin, Germany, one of the Non Plus Ultra Concertinas, which proves such an attraction at the World's Fair.
G. C. RAUNS.
may29-tf

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Opposition Meeting

There will be a meeting held of the
Supporters of the Opposition
—ON—
TUESDAY EVENING
next at 8 p.m., at the Committee Rooms,
Philharmonic Hall, Fort St.

Full attendance is requested as the formation of committees will be considered.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A girl at 91 Henry St. m28-3

WANTED—General servant; must be plain cook; family of three. No. 4 Battery St., Beacon Hill. m28-2t

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. m7-3m

FOR SALE.

TWO THOUSAND DOLLAR APPROPRIATION in the Victoria Building Association for sale. Apply this week to W. Templeman, Times office.

IMMEDIATE SALE—Seven rooms well furnished, filled with respectable roomers; central city location. Owner would rent 2 off purchaser. Apply R. D., this office.

FOR SALE—The fast sailing schooner "Norma," 52 tons nett register; built of oak, teak and cedar; yellow metal fastened and sheathed; is in fine condition and requires no outlay, except provisions to go to sea at once; 3 years old, and a splendid sea boat. Apply to F. R. Walker, 44 Government street, or Robt. Ward & Co., Limited. m29-1w

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A flat of eight furnished rooms. For particulars enquire at 13 Trounce avenue. a29-tf

TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—On Dallas road, facing the straits; all modern conveniences. Apply Morrow, Holland & Co., 44 Broad street. m29-1w

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let and housekeeping accommodation for married couple. Apply McCandless, 45 Superior street, James Bay.

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

TO RENT—Five room, well furnished cottage, desirable location, with large garden; rent $25. Apply at Clarence Hotel.

TO LET—Or for sale, a new house, with 5 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 52 Langley St. feb1-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

THE FIRST AND BEST of the season is Le Vatte's Orange Cider. Orders left at 61 Quadra street will have my personal attention. F. W. Le Vatte. m28-2t

WHERE TO BUY NO. 1 DRY CORD WOOD—At Scotch Bakery, 108 Douglas street; telephone No. 17. Steam wood sawing done in any part of city. Your order solicited. A. C. Howe. m5-1m

HOUSE WANTED—Within about half a mile of the Postoffice; 7 or 8 rooms; must be comfortable, with modern conveniences, etc. Address, giving particulars and stating rent expected, to "Visitor," Times office. mar 16-1w

DRESSES MADE
From $5 up; Prints from $2.50 up. Will go out by the day if preferred.
131 YATES STREET.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 4 p.m., Friday, 1st day of June, for certain additions and alterations to Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets.
Each tender must be accompanied by a certified check for ten per cent. of the amount of contract.
Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
JOHN TEAGUE,
may 25 Architect.

F. D. WALKER
Commercial and Financial Broker,
P.O. BOX 66. 44 GOVT. ST.

JOSEPH SEARS,
Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger
Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.
114 Yates Street.

SUITS AT 50c. ON THE $.
Just received a consignement of Mens' Fine Tailor Made Custom Suits which I will sell at about 50c. on the dollar on regular prices. $20 suits for $10, $22 and $24 suits for $12 and $14. Come and see them at
83 JOHNSON STREET.

THE SWEET TOOTH.

How Nature Satisfies the Craving for Sugar.

In most cases, then, where we find considerable quantities of sugar conspicuously massed in any part of a plant organism, the sweet juice is planted there on purpose to be eaten. In comparatively small masses it is stored in flowers or elsewhere for the use of insects. In larger amounts it is stored in fruits, for the use of birds and mammals. And it is these conspicuous storehouses of native sugar that man in the first instance began to seize upon for his own purposes. Himself a descendant of fruit-eating monkeys, he has always remained to a great extent a fruit-eater.

In the tropics, to this day, he subsists largely upon plaintains, bananas, mangoes, breadfruit and cocoanuts, though he also depends to no small degree upon subterranean storehouses of starch, or sugar, such as yams and sweet potatoes. In temperate climates, on the other hand, he derives his food more from seeds than from fruits; wheat, rye, maize, barley, oats, rice and millets, form the staple of his diet, while his principal subterranean food, the potato, is starchy, not sugary. Accordingly his inherited sweet tooth feels the need of sugar—a need which he has endeavored from all time to satisfy, especially in youth, with dried fruits, figs, raisins, and other like devices.—The Cornhill Magazine.

THE DAILY TIMES
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The Daily Times.

PREACHING AND PRACTICE.

"The newspapers of the opposition are given to whining when they or any of their party are hard hit. Both the News-Advertiser and the Times have complained because we have printed a little plain truth about J. C. Brown, M. P. P." Thus saith the Colonist. Now the Times has not "whined" about anybody being "hit hard;" we are rather of the opinion that the Colonist has over-estimated its own hitting powers, for its blows are much weaker than its will to hurt. Nor has the Times complained because the Colonist has "printed a little plain truth about Mr. J. C. Brown, M. P. P." So far as we are concerned our neighbor is at liberty to print anything it pleases about anybody, only we have to remark that if it prints nothing but plain truth about a political opponent the fact will be well worthy of special record. What the Times did was to expose a little bit of hypocrisy on the part of the Colonist, which one day held up Old Country newspapers as models for Canadian papers to copy and the next day committed an offence of which no Old Country journal would be guilty. One day our neighbor approvingly quoted the Globe's plea for decent treatment of political opponents and the next it treated Mr. Brown to a shower of indecent abuse of the very kind which the Globe deprecated. He was set forth as a "gabby postmaster," as a person "intellectually shallow and weak," and was treated to other like epithets. We neither "whined" nor "complained" about this, but we did point to the fact that no English newspaper would pursue with such malignity an active political opponent, much less one who had retired from the field. We may now be allowed to point out further that English newspapers are not in the habit of misquoting and misrepresenting other newspapers, an offence which the Colonist frequently commits and which it repeats in this morning's article, as we have shown. It would be well for our neighbor to follow the decent example of those Old Country papers which it holds up as models; it should remember that nobody is held in greater contempt than the hypocrite who fails to follow his own preaching.

A DIFFERENCE OF OPINION.

Premier Davie has included in his schemes for the manufacture of political capital the proposal that the provincial government should be given control of the fisheries of the province. Before Westminster and Vancouver audiences he has dwelt on the fact that a case has been brought before the Dominion supreme court to decide the question of jurisdiction, and has endeavored to persuade those interested in the business that all would be well if the province should be declared the controlling power and his government should get a new lease of office. Mr. Curtis, the government candidate in New Westminster, has been unkind enough to do his best to spoil this one of the premier's vote-catching schemes. At his invitation a number of fishermen gathered in his committee rooms on Saturday evening, and one part of Mr. Curtis' remarks at that meeting is thus reported in the News:—

Mr. Curtis, being asked for an expression of opinion, said he inclined to the opinion that on the whole the licenses were safer with the Dominion government than with provincial legislatures. It was a larger body than the local house. The matter was now in the hands of the supreme court and would shortly be decided. For his part he would say, "leave the control of the fisheries with the Dominion" and if there was to be any change he would even advocate it being given to the home government.

That looks very like a direct declaration of want of confidence in the government on Mr. Curtis' part. Perhaps, though, he feels convinced that the Davie government will not have anything to do with the matter in any event, and his want of confidence has relation to the new set of men who are likely to be found in power after the coming election. Another part of the report is somewhat interesting:—

Mr. Scoullar asked if Mr. Curtis were elected, would he, in the event of the provincial government getting control of the fishery, vote against any licenses being issued to any aliens at all.

Mr. Curtis—"I most certainly would."

Mr. Hargreaves wished to remind Mr. Curtis that it was probable he would have to contend with Mr. R. P. Rithet, who might be elected, and who was greatly interested in fishing.

Mr. Curtis replied that his private opinion was he would very likely have some trouble with that gentleman on the fishing question but believed he could hold his own even against R. P. Rithet.

If the government, Mr. Rithet and Mr. Curtis were all successful at the election the Westminster candidate's brave words would seem to promise a nice little encounter between the representative cannery owner and the champion of the fishermen, but we are inclined to suspect that there would in reality be nothing but empty sound on Mr. Curtis' side. It is safe to assume, at all events that if he did actively champion the workers in such a struggle Mr. Curtis would find himself opposed to the government as well as to Mr. Rithet. But the public is not likely to enjoy any spectacle of the kind, for the chances are that neither the Davie combination nor Mr. Curtis nor Mr. Rithet will be successful.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

When a thousand dollars or so was spent on two useless roads in Esquimalt district in one year, how much money went the same way throughout the whole province? The government organs might "figure" on the question. Then it would also be interesting to know how many miles of needed road in the same period were left unconstructed because no funds were available. Settlers who are left despairing because they have no way of reaching a market must admire this sort of administration.

The senate at Washington was expected to take up the sugar schedule of the tariff bill to-day, and that probably means the commencement of a prolonged fight. Owing to the bribery charges and other developments sugar is one of the most interesting points of the whole tariff struggle. The chances are that the trust and its friends will make a determined effort to keep up the duty, so it is hard to say how long the fight may be. Then another vexed question will come up when the income tax clauses are considered, the Republican senators being prepared to give these fierce opposition. Altogether the prospects for an early disposal of the tariff bill are rather poor.

WORK ON PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS.

To the Editor: Kindy allow me a few lines on the subject of who is entitled to work on the new parliament buildings. When the proposition to build the new parliament house was under discussion in the house, the government most distinctly stated that local and provincial men would in every case, as far as possible, have the preference for work. This was distinctly understood and believed in by the outside public (who were very anxious that the blunders of the sewers contract should not be repeated), and they looked to the government to take such steps as would ensure this being carried out.

At the present time, almost without exception, almost every tradesman is painfully conscious of the fact that many of those who are his customers or would be customers are utterly unable to obtain a day's work, though in a number of cases their's is the kind of labor required on the new building; and if you inquire why they cannot get work there they invariably say that at least 75 per cent. of the men employed there have come from over the Sound, and that the few provincial men employed there are being got rid of and their places supplied by men from the Sound cities. If this is so it is high time that the citizens of Victoria, whether workingmen or shopkeepers or property owners, insisted upon justice being done to the citizens of this province in this matter. I would suggest, as an easy manner of getting at the truth or falsehood of these statements, would be for the trade societies of this city to call a mass meeting of the citizens and let the public hear the statements of the men who have been refused work and men who have been discharged, and those who know where the bulk of the men now at work come from. We don't want our fellow-countrymen to be idle and starving while outsiders do this work and pocket the money and carry it away. T. W.

NO WATER TO DRINK.

To the Editor: I would use your columns on behalf of the thirsty folk, young and old, who visit during the hot summer days beautiful Oak Bay. It was almost a sad sight to see, quite recently, the red faces of the hot and tired children begging water of the residents, who have had there patience well nigh exhausted by the continual requests for water, etc., and who have in most instances now refused to supply more. The hotel which last year kindly did so much has this year refused; and who can wonder? as they cannot have their private taps surrounded with children, especially as they have to pay by the meter. Now, sir, here is an opportunity for our city fathers to do a kindly deed, viz., to place a drinking fountain, or at least a tap, at Oak Bay for the benefit of the children and picnickers, and thus earn thanks from them. A PICNICKER.

Miscellaneous.

There are said to be over three thousand deities in the Hindoo mythology.

The Greek church employs two rings in the marriage ceremony. One is of gold and the other of silver.

The wheat consumption in the United States is estimated at about four and a half bushels per capita.

The furies were old maids whose countenances were so terrible as to vanish with horror every beholder.

One of the pioneers of California is Wong Yip Hong, who came from Hong Kong in a sailing vessel in 1844.

Sugar cane is mentioned by Strabo as known in India as early as 325 B. C. It was then used in its raw state.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

Why not try
WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT?
Doctors highly recommend it to those
Who are run down;
Who have lost appetite;
Who have difficulty after eating;
Who suffer from nervous exhaustion;
And to Nursing Mothers,
as it increases quantity and improves quality of milk.
PRICE, 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

WILD WATERY WASTES.

Fertile Homesteads, Green Meadows and Smiling Prairies Under Water.

Mighty Fraser Bursts Its Bounds and Carries Destruction Afar.

Westminster, May 28.—The Fraser river freshet continues unabated, and hourly the water increases in volume. News from up-river points is hard to obtain, but what has been received is very discouraging. Everywhere low and medium low lands are flooded and thousands of acres under crop are covered with water. That the 1882 flood mark will be reached is now certain. No train has reached the coast since Wednesday last, and it will be a day or two yet before the first arrives. Several bridges and deep fillings between Yale and North Bend were washed out this morning.

The most serious affair since the beginning of the freshet was the giving way of the Hatzic dyke on Saturday night. The water was eighteen feet deep outside the dyke when the earth gave way and the great wave rolled in over the prairie, sweeping everything before it. No lives were lost but many cattle were drowned.

The rush of water was so great that the river fell temporarily about ten inches. Early yesterday morning the C. P. R. had a force of men at work erecting a trestle to cross the break. All Saturday night and yesterday the settlers in the flooded district were busy removing their furniture, household goods and live stock to higher ground. In some cases the cattle could not be got out of the marshes and had to be abandoned to their fate. Hay stacks, sheds and implements were carried away. The water reached the level of the Langley Indian reserve yesterday morning, and before noon the island was covered, the Indians being obliged to vacate with only a portion of their goods.

At ten o'clock yesterday morning the dyke holding back the water from what is known as the "little prairie" at Langley succumbed to the tremendous pressure against it, and in five minutes one thousand acres of pasture and crop lands were covered. Precautions had been taken to drive the cattle to higher ridges and none were lost, but the crops are a total loss.

The flood at Fort Langley reaches about three hundred feet back from the river bank, and the first floors of many houses are under water. The Langley hotel (Peter Brown, proprietor) is surrounded with water to a depth of several feet. At two o'clock yesterday afternoon Brown's little son fell from the hotel verandah into the water and was drowned. The body was recovered.

Last evening the river had risen to such a height that the water outside the Matsqui dyke was within two feet of the top. During the night the freshet increased by eight inches, and at daybreak a great section of the embankment collapsed, and at one o'clock this afternoon the whole prairie was under water. Particulars of the damage are not to hand yet. It is impossible yet to estimate the total loss along the river, but it will be immense.

The Great Northern is tied up by the floods between here and Seattle.

A bridge carpenter, McTavish, was drowned at Hatzic prairie this morning while engaged with others in building 45 feet of trestle over the C. P. R. at that point. McTavish fell from a boat, and though Captain Marshall bravely attempted to rescue him it was without avail. The body has not yet been recovered.

Vancouver, May 29.—The condition as regards trains remains unchanged. The Whatcom express went out to-day, but did not expect to get through. Telegraph communication east for the present ends at Mission junction.

Fire last night gutted Marling's cigar factory. Loss, $1500; insured.

MORE NOMINATIONS.

Opposition Candidates Placed in the Field at Lillooet.

Clinton, May 29.—Mr. Nelson, of Pemberton Meadows, was nominated for the west riding and J. D. Prentice, manager of the big cattle company, for the east riding of Lillooet. Messrs. Semlin, Sword and Kitchen were present at the convention and in the evening an enthusiastic meeting was held. Smith will undoubtedly be beaten; he admits himself that his chances are bad. Stoddart will run better for he is popular and there is a streak of independence in him; but he has a strong and able opponent. The indications are that both Lillooets will go opposition. The people here have no use for Davie.

GERMAN TOPICS.

The Anglo-Belgian Agreement—A Franco-German Dispute.

Berlin, May 28.—The Anglo-Berlin agreement as to the sphere of influence in Central Africa has aroused the colonial enthusiasts to the usual outcry against "English greed." In the foreign office, however, a total different feeling is noticeable. The officials there, while they acknowledge that the French have been thoroughly outwitted, contend that they have been confident of the Anglo-Belgian negotiations almost from the first, and have found their tendency highly advantageous to Germany. The agreement between London and Brussels is recognized as another step in England's policy of creating a buffer territory between French and English possessions in Africa, keeping France from access to the Nile, and securing to England unbroken communication between Cape Colony and Egypt. England tried at first to secure a German buffer by ceding to Germany territory east of the Shari river. The France-German Cameroons convention foiled the English game and prevented the utilization of Germany as a go-between, for by it France obtained Hinterland, which England had abandoned to Germany. The newspapers which assert that the German government probably will support France in refusing to recognize the Anglo-Belgian agreement are entirely misinformed. The foreign office intends to hold aloof from the dispute, satisfied that the new situation tends to lessen Germany's colonial difficulties with France. If France should propose a colonial conference of the powers interested in Central Africa, as she is expected to do, the Berlin government, while assenting, would undoubtedly consult with England and agree with her upon a common course of action.

The developments in the Emin Pasha will case threaten to blacken the great explorer's reputation. The Constantinople press correspondents of several newspapers have told this story in the last week: "Emilie Leidschaft, the widow whom Emin made his first wife, was deserted by him in Constantinople in 1876. He took with him at that time all her money and jewelry, which represented a considerable fortune, inherited from her first husband. He had previously sold the house and land in Constantinople which her first husband left her, and appropriated the proceeds for his own use. He went to Africa and became famous as Emin Pasha, but years passed before his first wife discovered that Emin was identical with Edward Schnitzler, whom she had married. By obtaining official aid from Germany she was enabled to force from Emin a lump sum of 10,000 marks. Further efforts to make him restore her property were vain. He even refused to answer her letters begging him to maintain her and her daughter Paulina.

A trial at the Weiden assizes, Bavaria, last Wednesday, revealed the existence of a horrible superstition among the ignorant classes of the district. Joseph Sier had been told by a woman who had the reputation of being a witch that the eye torn from the dead body of a child on Good Friday at midnight would enable him to make himself invisible at will. Sier went to the Heumaden cemetery at midnight and worked like mad opening graves until he found the dead body of a little girl which had been buried but two days. He carried it in the coffin to a meadow, tore out the eye and then threw body and coffin into a brook. The discovery of the body caused intense excitement throughout the district. Sier was not suspected until a woman, overhauling his house, found a child's shroud and pillow. Sier was sentenced to fourteen months' imprisonment with hard labor.

It is reported that Emperor William has invited Rear-Admiral Erben and Captain Maban of the U. S. steamer Chicago to visit Germany.

New York city pays its creditors this year for money borrowed for public uses $5,135,000. Of this sum $875,000 goes for interest on water bonds, $476,000 for interest on dock bonds, $186,000 for interest on school house bonds, $150,000 for interest on new park bonds, $190,000 for interest on Brooklyn bridge construction bonds, $24,000 for armory bonds, and the balance for bonds issued for general purposes by the city or county government. The last of the county court house bonds, to the amount of $150,000, will fall due in 1898; $40,000 of them will fall due in 1896, on which the city is paying 6 per cent. The last of the war bonds will fall due in 1897. There are $647,000 of these outstanding, drawing 7 per cent. interest.

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USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B.C.

NEW WALL PAPERS AND ROOM MOULDINGS AT J. W. MELLORS, 76, 78 & 65 Fort Street. Telephone 406.

FLY TIME
is at hand and calls for
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WE HAVE IT
COCHRANE & HUNT, Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Shaving 10c. 101 Douglas street. *

—Garden Hose at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—The court of revision will meet on Wednesday morning at 10.

—Government street, between Queen's and Bay streets, is closed to traffic for repairs.

—Secretary Boggs, of the celebration committee requests that all bills be sent in at once.

—The alterations to the public library and reading room in the city hall will be completed in a few days.

—The latest contributions to the celebration fund are the Northern Pacific, $25, and Captain Clive Phillips-Wolley, $10.

—Do not forget to inspect the fine assortment of "Liberty art materials" at Weller Bros. The finest in the province.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—Rev. E. Robson is making arrangements to leave for the Mainland to take charge of the Coqualeetza Industrial school, Chilliwack.

A special general meeting of the members of the Victoria club will be held in the reading room, club building, Fort street, to-night at 8 p.m.

—A consignment of spring and summer goods have just been received by Weller Bros. They come direct from Liberty's, London, and comprise an excellent assortment of "art fabrics."

—At a social gathering of the congregation of the Victoria West Methodist church to-night a farewell address will be presented to Rev. George Morden, who will leave on Thursday next for his new field of labor.

—Henry Augustus Porter and Miss Kate Beaton were married by Rev. Dr. Campbell at the First Presbyterian church last night. A large number of friends witnessed the ceremony. A reception was given at 128 Blanchard street, the home of Mr. and Mrs. Porter.

—Henry Barwick, who died on Friday at Westminster, was born 55 years ago in Thornhill, Ont., and was a son of one of the pioneers of North York. Barwick was one of a family of 18 children, six of whom survive. For thirty years he was engaged in milling and commercial enterprises in Campbellford, Ont., and four years ago came to British Columbia.

—The inquest on the body of the child found in the Fraser opposite Mission City, resulted in a verdict of "found drowned." The body was that of a female child five years old, and evidently had been in the water some time. The right foot was encased in a moccasin, which led to the belief that the child was which led to the belief that the child was of Indian parentage. An Indian child was drowned at the Fountain reserve, on the upper Fraser, April 3rd last, and, as the body was not recovered, it is considered likely that it floated down to where it was picked up opposite Mission.

—The Companions of the Forest and Ancient Order of Foresters gave an entertainment in their hall on Government street last evening. There were excellent refreshments and a good program. The latter was as follows: Opening address, C. C., Mrs. P. J. Davie; piano solo, Mrs. M. Salmon; song, Frank Sehl; recitation, Isidore Cohen; song with chorus, Mrs. Wilkes; recitation, Miss Mamie Saunders; comic song, Mr. Tweedy; recitation, Miss Brasch; song, Mr. Pilling; song, Miss Clara Bray; song, Mr. Hanuck; song, J. Penketh. Great credit is due Mrs. E. Lane for her work a president of the committee in charge.

—Steamer Rosalie returned last night from her first trip to Juneau, Alaska, with four cabin and five steerage passengers, and tied up at Schwabacher's wharf, says Monday's Post-Intelligencer. She made an unusually fast trip, having sailed from here on May 17, and started on her return home from Juneau on May 24 in the morning, stopping at Wrangel and Katchachan. She made an excursion trip from Juneau to Muir Glacier with two hundred passengers and had beautiful weather the whole trip. She sails to-morrow morning. The Rosalie brings Alaska papers up to May 17, which announce the arrival of the sloops Mayflower and Otter from Seattle and the Julia from Tacoma. The Julia picked up the wrecked crew of the sloop Emma George, of Port Townsend, off St. May's cove, near the entrance of Millbank Sound, where she was driven ashore.

—Grass catchers for lawn mowers at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—Suits reduced from $35 to $25 and from $30 to $20, at J. W. Creighton's, 80 Government street. *

—Chicken fencing, four feet high, 18 cents per yard, at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Shipping receipt books, 50 cts. each. Other Stationery reduced in prices at Johnston & Co.'s bookstore. *

—Art cretonnes, art muslin, art silks, art crepe cloth, fancy figured muslins, art seige, etc., etc., at Weller Bros.

—The steamer George E. Starr, which leaves Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf every morning at nine o'clock for Seattle, is meeting with excellent patronage, the hour seeming to suit quite a large portion of the travelling public. The Starr is a fast and comfortable boat, a favorite with travellers on Puget Sound.

—The telegraphic service was disabled again to-day, the cause being the great landslides in the mountains. Strong forces of men are working night and day to repair the damage, and it is expected that by to-morrow or Thursday all the delayed mail will reach Vancouver. Some trestles, fillings, and portions of the main line have been demolished by slides and the telegraph poles had to go too.

—Calvary Baptist church Sunday school held their annual meeting last night. The officers were elected: Superintendent, Dr. E. Hall; Assist. Superintendent, H. A. Thompson; Secretary, H. Galbraith; Librarian-Treasurer, J. Robinson; Organist, Miss La King; choirster, G. F. Watson. For the Burnside mission W. Waites was appointed superintendent, and Mr. Carter assistant superintendent. On the Victoria West mission no action was taken. Sunday at 4 p.m. the reports from the various missions will be read.

—Manager Macdonald, of the Leander swimming baths, has some tomato plants growing in boxes placed just under the glass roof over the swimming tank. The progress made by the young shoots during the late spell of celebration weather was astonishing. It was almost possible to see them grow. The fierce blaze of the sun through the glass, added to the warmth and humidity within, were like oil to fire. The temperature in that elevated region makes it possible to grow plants of the most delicate nature indigenous to the tropics.

—A. J. Langley, J. P., has one hobby that would be thought harmless by most people—that is, riding a bicycle on the sidewalks, and Mr. Langley sometimes, when on his way to his residence in the suburbs, avoids the bad places by traveling on the forbidden ground. This, of course, a J. P. has no more right to do than any other person, and in order that the majesty of the law shall prevail Mr. Langley was charged with the offence in the police court to-day. Mr. Langley is a very old man who rides for exercise, and while the press must respect the law and uphold the stern mandates of Magistrate Macrae and the minions of Chief Sheppard, it is nevertheless impelled to remark that nothing very serious would have happened to the good government of the city if Mr. Langley's offence had never been discovered by the police.

—The Columbian says regarding the big fire at New Westminster last Saturday: During the height of the fire, when ten streams of water were being drawn from the city hydrants, the indicator in the Beghie street fire hall showed from 154 to 158 pounds pressure, which competent engineers says is double first-class pressure. The value of the water works to the city was never so fully appreciated as when the leading industry of the city was threatened with total destruction, and the manner in which the water supply held out was a wonder to all. Mr. Stott, water works superintendent, reports that between 8 o'clock and midnight 542,880 gallons of water were used, and between midnight and 7 o'clock this morning 560,180 gallons, a total during the eleven hours of 1,103,060 gallons. This drain reduced the water in the reservoir only four feet eleven inches, and Mr. Stott says the supply, at the rate of withdrawal, would have held out for 24 hours.

—The latest work from the easel of Thomas Bamford, the Victoria artist, is a life-size portrait in oils of Dr. McKechnie. The piece is on view in the centre window of Messrs. Hibben & Co.'s store, Government street, and has attracted a great deal of attention. It is one of the most meritable canvases ever exhibited in Victoria as the work of a local artist. The attitude is natural and easy, the draping finely handled, the face an excellent likeness of the subject. The coloring is capitally done, the morbidezza particularly, simulating the suppleness, the elastic firmness and soft tintings of the living flesh. There is also an absence of woodenness of expression almost inevitable in the early work of portrait painters, the sign manuel of the dauber. The Times understands that it is Mr. Bamford's intention to complete his studies under the guidance of some one of the great painters of Europe. As Mr. Bamford has shown that first and fundamental element of genius—indeed the sine qua non of genius—a capacity for hard work and taking pains, it is a safe prediction that he will yet make his mark in the big Bohemian realm of art.

—Subject Lodge, K. of P., meets to-night. Important business comes up for discussion.

—A mail will very likely be sent east over the Northern Pacific to-night, leaving on the City of Kingston.

—Several Chinese charged with keeping dirty premises will appear in the police court Wednesday morning.

—The steamer premier was taken off the marine ways at Esquimalt at two this afternoon. She has been undergoing repairs and will be again placed on the Vancouver route.

—A number of changes in the Hudson Bay Company's building on Wharf street, designed to give better light and freer access to the building, have been made. The work is nearly completed.

—Ah Hoy, a Cormorant street Chinese merchant, was charged in the police court with keeping dirty premises. Evidence was given that it was not the fault of the Chinaman, which evidence was refuted by Sanitary Officer Conlin. Case continued till to-morrow.

—H. M. S. Royal Arthur is to-day being connected by telephone with the dockyard, rifle range and officers' club. The cable for the lines was put down this afternoon. Connection may be had with the ship from the city through any of the places mentioned.

—"Progress and Poverty" was the subject of the second lecture by Louis F. Post at Institute Hall last night. The audience was a good one and appreciative. Mr. Post illustrated his lecture by a number of charts explanatory of the fundamental principles of political economy. Mr. Post left for Nanaimo this morning.

—The new south ward school building has been completed by contractor J. G. Brown and is ready for acceptance by the board of school trustees. The building is substantially constructed and will meet the needs of the district for some years. In planning it architectural beauty was sacrificed to roominess, light and safety, nevertheless it is a very attractive building.

—The steamship Tacoma of the Northern Pacific line is due here on Saturday next with a cargo of 1950 tons of general merchandise and 100 steerage passengers. The freight is made up as follows: 500 bales of silk for New York, 750 tons of general merchandise, principally the new season's tea, for overland points; 500 tons general merchandise for Victoria, and 600 tons general merchandise for various Pacific coast points, including Seattle, Tacoma and Portland.

—The officials of the Northern Pacific railroad have received many applications for copies of their latest publication, "Indianland and Wonderland." Their supply on hand threatens to be exhausted. The book is the finest of the kind ever issued. It is high class advertising, and by far the most expensive of all. The book is neatly got up, handsomely illustrated, and contains a description of the country which every one who knows anything upon the subject will pronounce accurate.

—Collector Milne spent nearly all yesterday afternoon aboard H. M. S. Royal Arthur in conference with Rear-Admiral Stephenson on sealing matters. It is evident that no decision was reached. Collector Milne said this morning that there was nothing to give out for publication at all, as the matter was still in abeyance. The sealers are anxiously waiting the decision of those in whose hands the matter rests. There is very likely to be considerable cable and letter correspondence between here, Ottawa and London before an understanding is reached.

—The steamer Islander left Vancouver at 1.30 to-day, but has neither eastern passengers nor anything but local mail aboard. It is not known to a certainty when there will be mail through. It was promised for to-day, but as far as known there is nothing to warrant the belief that it will be here to-morrow. It is avery difficult matter to get information on the subject. The railway people are striving hard to re-establish communication, and could by transfer at an early date but for the fact that there are sections disconnected at both ends where there is no rolling stock. The wires are down at Revelstoke and also farther east, and just what is going on in the mountains cannot be learned.

—Mrs. Thomas Haughton met with a serious accident while driving this morning. As she was turning the corner of Pandora avenue and Fernwood road the horse shied and sprang forward. One of the wheels caught on a telegraph pole and the lady was violently thrown from the buggy. Fortunately another team was passing and Mrs. Haughton was quickly removed to her home. Dr. McKechnie was called in and on examination discovered that four ribs had been broken. Her thigh had also been injured, and she was also slightly cut and bruised. The broken bones were reset and the patient made as comfortable as possible. The unfortunate lady suffered great pain, but this afternoon was reported resting well.

Marine.

Steamer City of Topeka is on the drydock at Quartermaster harbor for repairs, preparatory to going on the Alaska excursion route this summer.

Captain John O'Brien, of Seattle, has made application to the treasury department to be local inspector of hulls in that

The steamer Barbara Boscowitz sailed for the north last evening. William Daily and family left for Claxton where they will spend the summer.

The steamer Maude is in from Nanaimo with a cargo of coal.

The work of discharging the cargo of the bark Borrodaile began this morning.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal
Have You Tried It?

A VERY FAST RUN.

The Seattle Yachts Went Home in 15 Hours.

The Seattle yacht fleet made a splendid run home in 15 hours or at a six knot clip all the way across the straits and up the Sound. The Post-Intelligencer of yesterday morning says: "The yachts Edna M. Kelpie, Foam, Doris and Earl sailed from Victoria at one o'clock this morning, having sailed in company at ten o'clock yesterday morning and kept together all the way. The Margery came with them as far as Port Townsend."

It was known here that the boats would make a good run home for they had the most favorable wind possible for them. The Margery, which stopped at Port Townsend will very likely make an extended cruise around the lower Sound before returning to Seattle.

Tenders Are Invited

For altering and enlarging the premises occupied by Messrs. Russell & McDonald, corner of Fisguard and Douglas streets. It is expected that they will have to reduce some of their immense stock to make room for the building operations as they never carry less than a $25,000 stock, the public may anticipate some real bargains.

Spring Novelties.

The latest styles in Millinery and Capes at Lansdowne House, J. Partridge. *

Miscellaneous.

London has 200 fishing clubs.

May is often called the Virgin's month.

Harpies were demons of death who carried off the soul.

Germany is now the best educated nation on the continent.

At one time there were temples and altars to over thirty thousand deities at Athens.

Actors and public readers offered sacrifices to Momus, the god of laughter.

Robert E. Stone, of Lexington, Ky., has ordered a $050 monument of a favorite dog.

The services of twelve goddesses were necessary to grow a grain of wheat in Italy two thousand years ago.

A species of ape, closely resembling the African gorilla, has been discovered on the Mosquito coast, Nicaragua.

In Siam and Afghanistan, where the elephant is the chief beast of burden, an "elephant load" is reckoned at two tons.

A French juggler of vital statistics says that the number of deaths in the world during a single century approximates five billions.

"The King of the Water Moon" is the name of the largest gold nugget ever found in Australia. It weighed 223 pounds and four ounces, and was found in 1852.

Bees are said to have such an antipathy to dark colored objects, that black chickens have been stung to death, while white ones of the same brood were left untouched.

PERSONAL.

S. W. B. Dalby, Seattle, is at Hotel Victoria.

Miss Forrester has gone east for her vacation.

Robt. Grubb, Plumpers Pass, is at the Oriental.

D. B. Jackson returned to the Sound this morning.

Rev. Canon Beanlands is back from the Mainland.

Lieut. Templar returned from the Mainland last evening.

A. J. Rowe, L. H. Howe, New York; are staying at the Driard.

D. McEwen came down from the Mainland on the Rithet last night.

C. H. Fields, Montreal, is in the city and is registered at the Driard.

Miss M. Stephen was a passenger from the Mainland on the steamer R. P. Rithet last night.

Although it is not claimed that Ayer's Sarsaparilla cures every ill to which flesh is heir, yet, as a matter of fact, it comes nearer doing this than any other medicine compounded. In purifying the blood, it removes the source of nearly all disorders of the human system.

No Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Is Genuine Unless It Bears the Derby Cap Shaped Tag.

What
A
Man
Eats
Dosen't
Show.
What
He
Wears
Does,
Men
Judge
By
Appearances.

Why not? One cannot spend a lifetime with every man one meets in order to study his character.

If he looks clean and neat externally, one naturally infers that he is clean in mind and neat in habits.

Dress
Well

It is not expensive to do so when you buy your clothing from us. We have every necessary article of a gentleman's attire, from a collar button to a suit of clothes.

Cameron. THE CASH CLOTHIER
55 Johnson Street

VICTORIA SOAP CO.
ALL KINDS OF LAUNDRY AND TOILET SOAPS; SAL SODA, WASHING AMMONIA, BORAX, ETC.
Office and Works: Cor. Government and Herald Streets.

THE STANLEY HOUSE
BANKRUPT SALE.
Remnants
Remnants
Remnants
A week of Remnants, commencing Tuesday Morning, May 8th. Everything in the way of ends thrown out. Greater reductions than ever in all departments.
DOUGLAS STREET, NEAR FORT.

The British Columbia Sugar Refining Company,
(LIMITED)
VANCOUVER, B.C.
MANUFACTURERS OF Refined Sugars and Syrups
OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

PRICE LIST
(Applicable to Lots of not less than 10 Barrels or equal)

SUGAR—	Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	6¼c. per lb.
	Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,	5⅝c. "
	Granulated, " "	4⅝c. "
	Yellow, according to quality, "	4⅛ to 4½c. "
	100 lb. Kegs ⅛c. more, Half Bbls. ¼c. more, Boxes ½c. more.	
SYRUPS—	30 Gal. Barrels,	2½c. per lb.
	10 " Kegs,	2¾c. "
	5 " "	3c. "
	1 " Tins,	$2.00 each.
	½ " "	$4.25 per case of 10
		5.75 " 20

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

TO THE PUBLIC—We guarantee for our sugars absolute purity. Every dealer knows they are superior to any others in the market. COMPARE AND DECIDE FOR YOURSELVES. When you ask for it, C. see that you get it.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE!
JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF
ECLIPSES
All Meat Extracts and Home Made Beef Tea.
It is FIFTY TIMES as nourishing and makes a strengthening and invigorating beverage.
MARTIN & ROBERTSON, VICTORIA and VANCOUVER, Agents for British Columbia.

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A COUPON APPEARS IN ALL ISSUES OF THIS PAPER.

Cut out this coupon and forward, together with 10 cents to the Art Department of this paper, and you will receive one part of CANADA, as per number in upper right-hand corner, by mail, post-paid, or bring the coupon and 10 cents to this office and receive Portfolio.

Name _____

Address _____

N. B.—Remember, only one Coupon required for each part.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 10.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 10 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

Back numbers, beginning at No. 1, may still be obtained at Times office.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

THE MODERN DINNER PARTY.

How the Function Has Changed Since Swift's Day.

There is a certain air of unreality and make-believe about the dinner party of to-day. Compare it with the dinner party of half a century ago, or go farther back still, of Queen Anne's time. One can get a fair idea of the latter entertainment from Swift's "Polite Conversation." Lord Smart's dinner hour was at 3 o'clock in the afternoon—"court hours"—as one of the guests remarked—and the hour was none too early for the business that the company got through. Table decorations were unknown, and the attendance was not so perfect that the guests should refrain from helping each other with their fingers from the dishes before them. A company of eight was thus provided for. First course—A sirloin of beef, a shoulder of veal, a tongue and fish. Second course—Almond puddings, black puddings, fritters, chickens and soup. Third course—Hot venison pasty, a hare, a goose, a ham and sundry rabbits, pigeons and partridges. A simple dinner, but conscientiously attacked by the guests, who seem to have partaken of every dish, and not spared the claret, the Burgundy and the strong October ale by which it was accompanied. Here was a menu that left the guests little leisure for polite conversation; but it was not for the pleasure of conversing, but of eating, that they were met together, and for that purpose the quality and quantity of the food are the only questions worth considering.

A little more than a century later dinner giving was still simply a matter of feeding the invited guests. Just fifty years ago Thackeray wrote a paper in Fraser's Magazine, under the name of George Fitzboodle, upon the subject of dinner giving. Thackeray was no unwilling diner-out; he pretended to look upon himself as somewhat of a gourmet, and he loved the discussion of "Barmecide Banquets." In this instance he was occupied in criticising a recent book on cookery, which seemed to have invited his warm commendation. The dinners that he selected for special praise are almost as far removed from the ideas of to-day as the dinner given by Lord Smart. The following may be taken as a specimen: Crimped salmon, Irish stew, mashed potatoes, mince pies, Oxford dumplings, mince veal, pickles, roast beef, and apple pie. All the dishes were to be placed on the table together, with the exception of the apple pie, which formed what was called a "remove" for the Irish stew. People who sat down to a dinner of this kind must have had very serious attentions upon their food. And Thackeray's ideal dinner was a very serious business indeed. "In the first place, as to central ornaments," he wrote, "have them as handsome, as massive as you like, but be hanged to flowers! I say. Roses, bouquets, moss and foliage I have an utter contempt for as quite foolish ornaments that have no right to appear in atmospheres composed of the fumes of ham, gravy, soup, game, lobsters, sauce, etc. * * * Flowers were not made to eat—away with them! I doubt even whether young unmarried ladies should be allowed to come down to dinner. They are a sort of flowers—pretty little sentimental gew-gaws—what can they know of eating?"

It is not fair of coures to assume that Thackeray would have upheld all Mr. Fitzboodle's opinions on this subject, but there is no doubt that they were very largely his own and those of a good many men of his day. The food and the drink had really attractions then for the diner-out, who cared not a whit what his company might be provided that his dinner was a good one. The times have changed. No longer can we afford to despise the Persicos apparatus, for those foreign adjuncts have become the chief attraction of the feast. We feast our eyes on the "sentimental gewgaws" that lie on the table before us, and lend our ears to the other "sentimental gewgaws" who sit beside us, and it is the dinner—the food and the drink—that may "go hang" for all we care. Witness the article in the Daily News, in the course of which there is no mention of food, and hardly anything said of drink, save in the plea that only one wine should be served at a dinner party—and that wine champagne. What people to whom champagne is forbidden are to drink the writer does not suggest. On the other hand he has much to say on the subject of table decoration, and instances an arrangement of wild flowers that cost a hostess some £50.—London Spectator.

HERE AND THERE.

A Marseilles millionaire named Semame committed suicide recently in a most extraordinary manner. He was a man of peculiar habits. His villa on the Prado was like an eastern palace, surrounded with gardens filled with the richest tropical plants. Two years ago he seems to have settled the manner in which he was to die. He had a sort of sepulchre constructed in the garden, fitted with iron doors, so that the cave would be hermetically sealed. Inside were massive candelabra, and two fire grates which he kept constantly filled with charcoal. Cans of petroleum were also at hand in case he wanted the fires lighted speedily. A long sofa completed the furniture of the sepulchre. He had repeatedly entered the place and told his servants to light the candles, but he returned to the villa again after an hour or two's meditation. One day, however, he entered the sepulchre, and when after several hours' absence the servants broke open the door they found him lying dead on the sofa, asphyxiated by charcoal fumes.

"Everybody has read Mark Twain's story of the man who got woven into fourteen yards of carpet, how they gave the strip containing his remains to his widow, who had it buried standing up for a monument," said O. P. Wesley of Baltimore. "Well, that was a funny enough conceit, but when I was travelling in England six or seven years ago a thing occurred in actual life which discounts the carpet story. A workman named Moriarity was engaged in casting metal for the manufacture of ordnance at Woolwich arsenal, when he lost his balance and fell into a huge ingot containing twelve tons of molten steel. The metal was at white heat, of course, and the unfortunate man was utterly consumed in less time than it has taken me to tell it. The English respect for the dead is praiseworthy enough, but in this case it was carried to a ridiculous extreme. The solemn old fogies of the war department held a conference and decided not to profane the dead by using the steel in the manufacture of ordnance, and that generous chunk of metal was actually interred, and a Church of England clergyman read the service for the dead over it."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A. Girard, when he succeeded in growing 700 bushels of potatoes to the acre, that is, several times more than the average French yield, wrote a book to tell how he did it. First he selected the seed from the hills having especially luxuriant foliage. He prepared the soil to a depth of from twelve to sixteen inches and dressed it with a liberal quantity of stable manure, following with about nine hundred pounds of mixed fertilizer [illegible] three parts sulphate of potash and two parts sulphate of nitrate of soda) per acre. The tubers selected for planting weighed from eighty to one hundred and [illegible] If compelled to use larger sizes he selected those weighing 200 grams and cut them in three pieces, always cutting in the direction of the greatest length. He would not use tubers exceeding 300 grams. Should the tubers available weigh less than 80 grams he would plant enough to have the weight equal to 8 to 720 grams. The rows are 24 inches apart and the tubers are 19 inches in the row. He [illegible] to danger from hard frosts [illegible] growing tubers being kept covered with the soil. The plants are sprayed with Bordeaux mixture to prevent blight, and the crop is not dug until every portion of the plant has withered.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The United States geological survey, says the report of Director Powell, has carried on topographical surveys in 28 states and territories in 1893, covering an area of about 26,000 square miles, at a cost of $423,022, or less than $20 per square mile. Since its organization this department has surveyed an area of [illegible] square miles in 41 states and territories. The hydrographic force has been tabulating statistics as to the value of the running streams, and roughly foots up this value at $600,000,000.

The writer visited the experimental shop of the parties who are working out the idea of making paper tires for bicycles. A pressure equal to 120 pounds was brought to bear upon a rubber tire wheel in presence of the writer, and the tire sunk in at the bottom. Then the same kind of a wheel was treated in the same way as regards pressure, but the tire was made of paper. The same weight did not cause the tire to sink in so much as in the case of the rubber ones. Thus the paper tire can be run over cobblestones, sandy roads, mud, etc., and be less affected. The continued squeezing [illegible] of the rubber tire has a tendency to wear the rubber and cause a fracture. The paper tire being less liable to flatten, or sink in, is not subject to this wear.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

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A PORTFOLIO OF ORIGINAL PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS OF OUR COUNTRY.

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THE object of this series of Canadian fine art pictures is to provide the people of this great Dominion with a scenic and descriptive reproduction of the superb national and artistic beauties of their own country, and the evidences of its material progress. To show Canadians by the easy process of the sight some of Canada's historical shrines, something of her national wealth and development, her glorious lake and river scenery, her entrancing landscapes and w rld-renowned natural wonders—to depict in panoramic photographic pictures the urban and rural life of the Canadian people, their industrial hives, their great public enterprises and their national landmarks—the series will cover the whole vast domain of British America, from the Arctic Ocean to the forty-ninth parallel, and from the fog banks of Labrador to the pure breezes of the Pacific Ocean. It is a country from which European kingdoms could be carved; including lakes, in whose waters, where primeval forests are reflected, old world principalities could sink from sight; with mountains, upon whose massive breast the Alps could be lightly carried; with a Niagara and a St. Lawrence; with pastoral scenes of upland and meadowland, prairie stretches, rugged mineral treasures and timber areas. It is a country of magnificent natural beauties and varied interest; one to be proud of, and one that we should study more and learn more about.

This is the purpose of this scenic and descriptive series of pictures. It is to place within the reach of our own people the means of acquainting themselves with all that is notable in the national features of their own country. Our Dominion is so large and its distances so magnificent that some such means of studying it is necessary. Its beauties and wonders are scattered over such a wide area that neither by travel nor travellers' tales is it likely that the great majority of our people will ever know them.

The scope in Canada, it is clear, is a wide one, and the field rich in materials. The project is undertaken in the belief that the people of Canada will welcome an effort to place before them the natural scenery, material progress and national features of their country, and that they will extend to it their hearty support. The work will be carried out in the best manner known to the photographic, engraving and printing arts. Every locality and section of the Dominion will be fully and splendidly represented, that the possessor of the completed work may truly feel that he has within its compass as thorough and complete an acquaintance with Canada as if he had spent years in travel ing over it. The pictures will be accompanied by accurate descriptions of the subjects presented, and the object is not less to instruct the mind than to please the eye. This, then, is the purpose of "Canada," and if its accomplishment be carried out with the fidelity and completeness with which we hope to endow it, it will be a work of permanent merit and of great national as well as artistic value.

We have secured the right for this valuable Canadian series, and will furnish our readers with parts weekly at TEN CENTS, FREE OF POSTAGE. TEN CENTS PER WEEK AND ONE COUPON from this paper will be all it will cost you to secure this valuable work of art, covering the whole vast Dominion of British America, and when completed will ensure the possessor a complete acquaintance with our country.

Part I will be announced for two weeks in order to give everyone a chance to subscribe; remaining parts will be issued weekly.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

For SUMMER Boating Flannels, Neglege Shirts, Straw Hats, Sweater Jerseys, Etc. **B. Williams & Co.,** Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

PICKING OUT THE SITE.

A Large Number of Lots for the Electric Light Works Offered to the City.

Will be a Special Meeting on the Subject—Cost of Completing V. & S. Ry.

All the council except Ald. Vigelius were present last evening at the regular weekly meeting of the board. The following tenders on the electric light works site were received:

Mary A. Williams—Lot 182B, end of Johnson street, with wharf and buildings—$13,000.

R. F. Tolmie—Lots 122 and 123, city, fronting on harbor, bounded by Telegraph and Herald street—$13,000.

J. J. Austin—Lots 7, 8, 9, 10, block B, Harbor estate—$7500; also lot 16, block L, Harbor estate, near Rock Bay bridge—$8000.

H. Croft—Lot 13, block L, Harbor estate—$7750.

J. S. Blackett—Lots 4 and 5, block S—$12,000.

Robert Ward—Property known as Garbally, fronting 240 feet, near Point Ellice bridge, three acres—$9000.

Dalby & Claxton—Blocks D and E, Garbally estate, containing 3 85-100 acres—$10,500.

H. Croft—Lots 539A and 540A, Belleville street—$10,500; lot 1300, Erie street—$7000; lots 2 and 3 John street, between Bridge street and Bay avenue—$5000; lot 13, block L, Work street—$6750.

Spratt & Gray—Lots 7 and 8, Harbor estate, being numbers 17 and 19, Work estate, frontage 125 feet on harbor and depth of 125 feet, with buildings—$13,000.

British Columbia Land & Investment Company—Lots 891A and 892A, near James Bay bridge—$4250; lot 206, Humboldt street, with buildings—$5000.

Heisterman & Co (agents)—Lots 17 and 18, block B, Harbor estate, corner Work and bridge streets—$10,000; lots 1, 2, 3, block O, Patterson's survey, Work estate, bounded by water on West and Ellis street on south—$2500, and lot 7, block M, Harbor estate, corner Bridge and David streets—$5000; lot 9, block A, Patterson's survey, Work estate, north shore Rock Bay—$5500; or half lot 8, block A, adjoining above, together with lot 9, block A—$8500.

H. Croft (agent)—Lots 2 and 3, block S John street—$3000.

Robert Williams—Lot 541A, foot of Oswego street—$8000.

Thomas C. Nuttall—Lots 221 and 223 on harbor, between Herald and Telegraph streets—$12,300.

Charles Hayward—Lot 1278, block 46, inner harbor, fronting 60 feet on Erie street—$3500.

John Cameron for Alexander Cameron—Lot 1366, 60x220 feet, Huron street, adjoining chemical works—$15,500.

R. J. Horton—Lots 1291, 1292, block 43, 123 feet front on harbor at St. Lawrence street—$8000.

J. J. Austin (agent)—Lots 9 and 10, block K, Harbor estate—$10,000; also lot 16, block L, Harbor estate—$7500.

M. Morrisey—Lot 18, block Y, Work estate, on Government and Orchard streets, 87x160 feet or 50x168 feet of same property—$5000.

A. W. More—Two and 91-100 acres, in block C, and adjoining block, situate on Gorge and on Selkirk road off Gorge road, beyond Judge Drake's property—$11,000; lot 1283, water front, Kingston street—$3200; lot 1282, water front—$6000; or the two last for $9000. Also lots 8, 9 and 10, 198x166 feet, adjoining Dallas Hotel—$7500. Also lot 4, block 70, Fort property, 50 feet frontage, running down to water near James Bay bridge—$15,000.

Ald. Wilson moved that a full list of the tenders be furnished each alderman and that a special meeting be called at an early date to dispose of the matter. It was so decided.

Drake, Jackson & Helmcken wrote re the Steinberger claim saying that their client was not satisfied with the assessment of damages made by Messrs. Wilmot and Northcott, as it did not take into consideration the land lost. The letter was referred to the mayor and city engineer and the members of the water committee who will confer with the legal firm and their client as to the damages claimed and report to the council.

City Engineer Wilmot submitted a report giving an estimate of the cost of completing the work to be done on the Victoria & Sidney railway including the necessary alterations to the railway line where it crosses the city water main in section 33. He estimated the cost at $12,735.

Ald. Harris moved that a progress certificate for $10,000 be issued. Ald. Baker seconded.

Mayor Teague said that before the money was paid he proposed to take up the contract, and look into the whole matter. Ald. Harris' motion was carried.

Ald. Styles' motion to call for tenders for cutting and removing the grass in the park was passed.

A report from the finance committee recommending the appropriation of 2963.47 out of the general revenue was favorably acted upon. A similar report recommending the appropriation of $2000 out of the surface drainage fund took the usual course.

The sewerage committee reported on a number of minor applications for funds with which to carry on the work.

The water works regulations by-law was taken up a slight alteration made, reconsidered, adopted and finally passed.

Ald. Styles reported that there were six new swanlets at the park. (Cheers for the parents.)

Ald. Humphrey said he believed that the present way of obtaining legal advice was not satisfactory. The same firm might do, but the system followed was most unsatisfactory. He moved that notice be given that the services of the present firm be not required after June 30. The mayor ruled that he would have to bring in a motion to repeal the by-law which governed the matter. The alderman promised to do so.

The matter of conveying the plot of the Diocesan synod to the city was brought up by Ald. Harris, but objection was made by Ald. Dwyer, Baker and Humphrey to attaching the seal of the corporation to the conveyance as they did not regard the bargain as advantageous. After some discussion it was decided to lay the matter over until the next meeting.

City Clerk Dowler reported that since the last meeting the following letters were referred as follows: Sewerage committee—Robert Ward—calling attention to an overflow of a cesspit upon Belcher street and suggesting methods of averting the evils likely to arise therefrom. G. L. Milne—Calling attention to an open drain on Battery street likely to prove a nuisance. William Astley Jones—asking for a box drain for north side of Chatham street, between Chambers street and Fernwood road. Streets—W. C. Nathan and 12 others, making application for a sidewalk on Spring road between North road and Walnut streets. W. J. Cline and seven others—Requesting that King's road from Fourth street to Cook street, be opened up and graded. Joseph Ahern—Petitioning for a sidewalk to be laid along Montreal street, between Michigan avenue and Simcoe street.

BIG CLEAN UP.

Encouraging Hydraulic Results on the Pend d' Oreille.

Fort Sheppard, May 24.—The Kootenay Hydraulic Mining company to-day completed an important cleaning-up. Their operations have been directed to ascertain precisely the value of their property on the north bank of the Pend d'Oreille river; to this end they collected all the water from the Seven Mile and Nine Mile creeks and directed it into their main ditch with a head of 250 feet above the monitors at the level of the Pend d'Oreille river. They sent through their sluices 2,200 yards of gravel, and the weight of the quicksilver amalgam shows a yield of $525 in gold, equal to nearly 24 cents per cubic yard, some of the nuggets being of a good size, the largest being worth $5.85. When it is remembered that 8 cents per yard is regarded as enormous, and that many of the great placers in California are worked at high profit even at 3 and 4 cents per yard, this result must be regarded as most encouraging.

Notwithstanding the very high expenditure already incurred by this company in collecting the waters of six or seven mountain torrents by means of a ten-mile ditch, it cannot but be recognized that this source of supply is entirely inadequate for the purpose, as it is merely the rush of the spring freshets, and attention is necessarily turned to the magnificent body of water in the Pend d'Oreille river, to ascertain whether it can be made available to supply the water to the monitors with a pressure equivalent to a head of 200 or 300 feet, as well as being the natural dumping ground.

Directions for Colic in Horses.

Contents of small bottle of Pain-Killer in quart bottle, add pint of warm or cold water, sweeten with molasses, shake well until all mixed, and drench well. Give about half at once, then balance in ten or 15 minutes, if first dose is not sufficient. This will be found a never-failing remedy. 25 cents for a large bottle.

LOST TWO CUSTOMERS.

The Bookseller's Story of His Two Lady Visitors.

"It was a rainy day," said the bookseller, "and the wet shoes and dripping umbrellas of customers had made the floor quite wet and slippery just inside the store door. All our clerks happened to be at the back part of the place when the door opened and a large and very stout lady hurried in. Just as the door swung behind her she slipped and fell flat on the floor.

"Before any of us could reach her she picked herself up with surprising quickness for a woman of her size, and gave a stony stare all around the room, and then, without uttering a word, turned around, opened the door and walked out in the most dignified manner.

"None of us has ever seen the woman since, and I suppose her pride will prevent her from coming into the store where her first appearance was so mortifying.

"It was only a day or two after that," the salesman continued, "when we lost another customer. A lady who had bought a book from us a week or so before came in and asked to exchange the volume for another one she thought she would rather have.

"I explained to her that it was our rule never to exchange books, and though I talked to her as politely as I could I could see her getting angry every second. She was indignant, and didn't hesitate to say so, and she began to make me rather nervous when, in the midst of what was a regular tirade, she snapped out:

"'I suppose your rules are as unchangeable as the laws of the Pedes and Mersions—I mean Perds and Messions—or—I mean—the Merds and—'

"And then she stopped, took a long breath, made a break for the door and disappeared, and we have not yet exchanged that book."—New York Tribune

The Spring Medicine.

"All run down" from the weakening effects of warm weather, you need a good tonic and blood purifier like Hood's Sarsaparilla. Do not put off taking it. Numerous little ailments, if neglected, will soon break up the system. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now, to expel disease and give you strength and appetite.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Harmless, reliable, sure.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

Miscellany.

Dr. P. Fuerbringer, of Berlin, praises the peanut as a food rich in albumen, and advises its use as soup or as mush. Peanuts are especially valuable, he says, in kidney diseases, in which animal albumen must be avoided.

The Sultan of Turkey has conferred the order of the Medjidieh on Professor Max Muller. This is a merited tribute to the vast Oriental learning of Professor Muller, and the deep interest taken by him in the various eastern religious and in Mohammedanism in particular. The present Sultan, who is a somewhat mild and melancholy Oriental, of Conservative tendencies, has little in common with that section of the official class in Constantinople who have been educated abroad and have adopted atheistic and revolutionary sentiments and ideas. He is devotedly attached to the Mussulman faith.

USE PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER
FOR ALL BOWEL TROUBLES

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM
ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES.
They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness and all disorders arising from torpid liver or sluggish liver.
25 CENTS A BOX.
Ask Your Druggist For Them.

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More CURES have been effected by my Method, with Truss, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 20 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 20 patents to everyone. DEFORMITY
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LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,
General and Nervous Debility,"

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.
ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

THE GREAT

Hudyan.
This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.
Hudyan is purely vegetable.
Hudyan stops Premature ness of the discharge in 24 hours.
Cures LOST MANHOOD
BEFORE AFTER
Constipation, Dizziness, Falling Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and develops and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.
Premature ness means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and barrenness. It can be stopped in 24 days by the use of Hudyan.
The new discovery was made by the Specialists of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of all charges.
Send for circulars and testimonials. Address
HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
1032 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

Ladies,
Mother Green's Tansy Pills.
Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 2 cents.
LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN.
For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists Victoria. w-w-3y

MUCH FOR LITTLE.

That is what you get when you clip coupons from the Times and get our Magnificent Art Portfolio, "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED."

$20.00 FOR $2.00.

That is about the size of it. There will be twenty parts which will cost you but 10 cents a part, with one coupon from the Times. Art works have been sold around the country at one dollar a part, which did not equal "America Photographed" in artistic beauty.

THE BEST OF ALL.

No other Portfolio issued equals "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED." Its beautiful photographic engravings are each 11x13 inches in size, and are accompanied by accurate and entertaining descriptions.

PART 10 NOW OFFERED

contains the following splendid photographs:
Canoas, Mexico.
City of Queretaro, Mexico.
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Cathedral, City of Mexico.
Solomon's Temple, Colorado.
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State House at Montgomery, Ala.
Rock House, North Carolina.
Mt. Nebo, D. & R. R. R.
Dells of the Wisconsin.
Sugarloaf Rock, Mackinac Island.
Hayden Valley.
Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone.
Punch Bowl.
Roanoke River.
The Delaware at Milford.

IT WILL BE AN ART TREASURE.

The completed series will be a grand collection of art, and the fund of information its pages impart will be of inestimable value.

DO NOT FAIL TO SECURE IT.

HOW TO GET BACK NUMBERS: To those who have been unable to secure the preceding numbers of "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED," and desire to start in now and complete the great work, we offer a combination coupon, one of which with 10 cents for each part will procure a complete series.

WE GRIND
Special and complicated Lenses for all the leading oculists of Victoria and the Province. Our work is equal in accuracy, quality and finish to the best that can be had ANYWHERE, and our prices are lower than if you sent away for the glasses.
F. W. Nolte & Co.,
THE ONLY OPTICIANS, 37 Fort St.
If you want your glasses neatly repaired bring them to us.

Aluminum Alloy Composite
HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO
Iron, Steel and Brass Founders
3 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap-low-grade metals gives 50 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystallizing, prevents blowholes and sponginess.
Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.
Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $28 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.
Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.
The Hatsfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

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To get a situation
To hire help
To let a room
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Then Try a "Times Liner,"
ONE CENT
Per word each insertion.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.
Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.
ALL CLASSES OF LITHOGRAPHED WORK
Maps, Cheques, Drafts,
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Note Heads, Labels,
Wedding & Visiting Cards,
Fine Colored Work a Specialty.
VISITING CARDS
Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.
PORTRAITS
Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.
Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.
Keep the Money In the Country.
Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.
VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

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The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Clean Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantee all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 30 years.
Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.

W. J. HANNA,
Graduate U. S. College of Embalming
PARLORS, 42 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

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(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city, with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 80 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)
The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.
First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.
Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply
PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
(913 s,m,tf&w 1y)

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,
R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.
Victoria, B.C., March 16, 1894.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

IN DESPERATE STRAITS.

Government Supporters at Nanaimo Are Surveying a Very Blue Lookout.

New Mining Machinery—Professional Sculling Match Arranged.

Nanaimo, May 29.—A meeting of the government party will be held in Cedar Hill district to-morrow evening for the purpose of discussing the advisability of nominating Mayor Quinnell for the provincial legislature. The party realize they are in desperate straits and know not where to look for a capable man to send to the house. However, it is a hopeless case, as it is a fact that the Davie government have few supporters in this electoral district.

The introduction of new machinery into the Protection island shaft in the N. V. C. Co. signifies that work on a gigantic scale will be commenced in the near future. It is reported that as soon as the machinery is completed a number of miners from No. 5 shaft will be set on, so that two vessels may be loaded at once with the greatest dispatch.

Rev. G. H. Tovey, rector of St. Albans, delivered a statement of the case re Dr. Praeger and the churchwardens to recover a note of $200. The other side of the case has not yet been gone into, but will presumably be brought before Judge Harrison at the next sitting of the county court.

A sculling match has been arranged between R. Eastham of Nanaimo and M. Russell of Vancouver for $300 a side, to take place over the race course at this city.

J. A. Callaghan was elected by acclamation as alderman of the north ward yesterday.

T. Bryant was elected by acclamation to the vacant office of school trustee.

The city was again plunged in darkness last night, causing much inconvenience.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Opening of the Spring Assizes—McNulty's Case Called.

The spring assizes opened this morning with Mr. Justice Crease presiding. The grand jury, consisting of M. Baker, George Bishop, James Burns, Robert Erskine, Thomas Futcher, George Glover, Andrew Gray, Anton Henderson, Robert Jamieson, John Jones, J. B. Lovell, John Kinsman, Richard Maynard, Joseph E. Phillips, Samuel T. Styles, Henry Waller and Ridgway Wilson, with Mr. Glover as foreman, were first called and sworn.

The following is the list of cases on the calendar: Regina vs. Carruthers, manslaughter; Regina vs. Mitchell, incest; Regina vs. Gaylor, Irvine vs. Walker, arson; Regina vs. Irvine and Silvia, horse stealing; Regina vs. Redgrave, assault; Regina vs. Whittall and Reid, false pretences; Regina vs. Wallila, concealing birth of child; Regina vs. Smith, removing land mark; Regina vs. McNulty, Gilmore and Dutton, receiving stolen goods; Regina vs. Hailey, burglary.

His lordship then briefly told the grand jury their duties saying that there were to be dealt with several cases of a grave nature and they would have no difficulty in determining that they should be sifted before the petit jury as now that the new code allowed prisoners to testify in their own behalf it was often a benefit to a man to have his case tried. Any twelve of them could send it to the petit jury. Each case was then referred to and brief directions given by his lordship, who said that after they had determined upon the indictments they were at liberty to turn their attention to abating public nuisances such as gambling hells and such other matters as might be brought before their notice. The hospitals and affairs connected with the administration of justice were also under the scope of their report and any suggestions made to him would be dealt with in the proper way.

The Jury then retired. Mr. A. G. Smith the deputy attorney-general, who will conduct the crown cases, then suggested an adjournment, which was taken until two o'clock.

At the re-opening of the court at two o'clock the grand jury returned a true bill in William McNulty's case, which was at once proceeded with. A jury was then empanelled and sworn. McNulty is undefended.

On or about the 20th of April last the Bay View saloon was entered and several bottles of liquor and a quantity of cigars stolen therefrom. Shortly after, the prisoner's cabin on Herald street was searched and a bottle of whiskey and several cigars were found there. The prisoner was then in bed drunk. Joseph King, proprietor of the Bay View, identied the stolen goods as his and Constable Palmer told the story of the arrest.

The Victoria & Sidney Railway Co. and Elford & Smith arbitration is going on to-day. C. H. Hayward is the arbitrator appointed by Elford & Smith. A. Jack by the company, and B. W. Pearse is the umpire. The company require 25 feet through the owners' brickyard for the use of their railway, for which they offered $780, which was refused. While [illegible] for the work, the owners say it will take nearly 70 feet, which cannot be used by them for the purpose for which they require it. The land is brick clay, and if they cut it away the roadbed will drop. H. B. Smith, of Keefer & Smith, who prepared the plans of the land, explained them and gave evidence of the injury likely to be done.

Hon. A. N. Richards, Q. C., and E. E. Wootton appear for Elford & Smith and E. V. Bodwell for the company.

The Brackman & Ker MILLING CO., Ltd.,

VICTORIA AND NEW WESTMINSTER,

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN ALL KINDS OF.....

GRAIN & MILL PRODUCTS

128 GOVERNMENT ST.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE WHEEL.

The two mile roadster race protested on May 25 will be run over again at Beacon Hill park to-morrow night. Franklin, Wolff, Hall and Moody will all start, and a sharp race between Moody and Wolff is looked for.

The new bicycle club will be organized at a meeting to be held to-night at Waitt's music store.

THE TURF.

THE FRENCH OAKS.

Paris, May 28.—The race for the Prix de Diane (the French Oaks) of 67,850 francs, for three-year-old fillies, ten furlongs, was run at Chantilly on Sunday, and was won by Baron Rothschild's brown filly Brisk by Galloping Bir, Calceolaire second, Floredid third. There were sixteen starters. The posted odds were ten to one against Brisk, seven to five against Calceolaire, and eight to one against Floredid. The horses got away to a fair start. Brisk and Calceolaire ran behind together until they were entering the stretch. Here they were given their heads and rushed to the front, racing almost neck and neck. Then ensued a final tussle for first place. Brisk's staying powers were better than those of her opponent, and she finished a half a length in front.

ACCIDENT ON THE COURSE.

Vienna, May 27.—The Austrian Derby was run to-day. As the racers were nearing the winning post Finegoyerck, one of the leaders, stumbled and fell. Five horses following struck the prostrate animal, and all piled in a heap on top of it. Mixed up in the pile of frightened and kicking beasts were their jockeys, who were finally rescued from their dangerous position. Not one of the jockeys was dangerously hurt, but two or three boys will not be able to ride for some time. The race was won by Magus.

ATHLETICS.

THE COLLEGE CONTESTS.

New York, May 28.—The nineteenth contest of the Intercollegiate Athletic Association was held at Berkeley Oval on Saturday, and resulted, as had been generally expected, in favor of Yale. Harvard and the University of Pennsylvania fought hard for second place, the former winning finally at the end of the games. Union and Wesleyan, the colleges of the city of New York, and Amherst each won a single event. The other points scattered. Princeton was weak not winning a single point, and only in one case getting a man into the finals. There were 700 entries for the fourteen contests. Three intercollegiate records were broken and one was equalled. The two mile bicycle record was reduced from 5.28 to 5.18 1-5, and the mile run was set at 4 minutes 2 4-5 seconds. In putting the 16 pound shot the distance was increased from 41 feet 1-8 inch to 42 feet. The 100 yards dash of 10 seconds was equalled. The conditions of throwing the 16 pound hammer have been so changed since last year that no comparison can be made. By the conditions to-day, however, a record of 123 feet 5 inches was established. The record under the old conditions was 112 feet 1 3-8 inches.

Summaries of points:

	1st.	2nd.	3rd.	T'l.
Yale	4	8	1	37
Harvard	3	2	5	24
Pennsylvania	3	1	1 1-4	20 1-4
Amherst	1	0	0	5
New York	1	0	0	5
Union	1	0	0	5
Wesleyan	1	0	0	5
Williams	0	1	0	2
Columbia	0	0	2 1-4	2 1-4
Swarthmore	0	0	1	1
Brown	0	0	1-4	1-4

BASEBALL.

STANFORD'S NINE.

San Francisco, May 29.—It has been definitely settled that Stanford University baseball nine will tour through the northwest during the coming month, playing games in Portland with the M. A. A. C., Seattle, Tacoma, Everett, Spokane and other places. They will visit Victoria and probably play an exhibition game.

A simple test by which to distinguish butter from margarine is to draw three or four pieces of ordinary sewing cotton, slightly twisted together, through the piece to be tested, set light to it and blow it out almost immediately and smell the smoke. If it is margarine, it will have the smell of a newly-extinguished tallow candle, but with butter there is no such smell.

Col. North is said to have at Eltham one of the strongest of strong rooms probably in the world. Not only is his gold and silver ware stored there, but lady visitors to Eltham are provided for, special arrangements being made for "taking care" of their jewels through the night. The "room" is floored with cement and walled all around with weigh- [illegible] must pass through many gates all fitted up with burglar alarms. The treasures are kept in iron cages, and the room is 30 feet under ground.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

One of a Notable Family.

Still hale and vigorous, David Dudley Field celebrated his eighty-ninth birthday at Rome recently, receiving numerous congratulations, verbal and telegraphic, on the occasion.

Mr. Field is older than either Gladstone, Bismarck or Moltke. Abraham Lincoln was yet unborn when Field was a youth. The constitution of the United States was still on trial, and had not even been adopted by all the states.

David Dudley Field began his life amid plain surroundings, but in an intensely American atmosphere. He was born in Haddam, Conn., on February 18, 1805. He was the eldest of seven sons and two daughters. His father was a minister of the gospel and had $500 a year salary. Out of this he reared his family and gave three of his sons a college education. When sixteen years of age young Field was ready for college. He entered Williams in 1823 and began the study of law. In 1828 he was admitted to the bar and removed to New York, where he began the practice of his profession and his active public life. To say that Mr. Field's life has been a remarkable one feebly expresses it. As a young lawyer he had to struggle with such giants as Webster, Choate and O'Conor. In politics he knew and associated with Clay, Calhoun, Van Buren and Polk, just as a generation later he was the friend and adviser of Lincoln, of Johnson, of Greeley and of Samuel J. Tilden. In literature, Bryant, Hawthorne, Lowell, Whittier and Bancroft were his friends.

It is of few families than the same can be written that can be of the Field family. David Dudley Field has been a jurist with no superior at the American bar. Cyrus W. Field was the projector of the Atlantic cable and a great financier. Stephen J. Field is a judge on the supreme bench, and his nephew, Judge Brewer, sits upon the same bench with him. The remaining brother, Henry M. Field, is a leading clergyman, and the editor of the Evangelist. But it is as a lawyer that David Dudley Field will be remembered. It is given to few men to spend sixty years of active life at the bar, and still fewer, indeed, would there be of that small number who could devote fifty years to the codification of our laws, a task, when completed, which brought him much undeserved obloquy on account of some of the provisions of what is called the penal code. To a correspondent of Harper's Weekly, who recently called upon him, Mr. Field said he attributed his good health to a good constitution and hard work. He walks a mile or two daily and follows no special rule as to eating. On being asked who impressed him as the greatest man of his time he replied at once: "Lincoln. Webster, Clay, Calhoun and others were great men in their way, but Lincoln was great in a multitude of ways. There seemed hidden springs of greatness in this man that would spring forth in the most unexpected way, and even the men about him were at a loss to account for the order of the man's genius."

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. Rithet from New Westminster—Miss M Stephens, M Snyder, R Bell, Mrs Stoddard, J S Sidey, H Courtney, Miss Farron, C H Fields, D McEwan, Rev Beanlands, R Grutt, Lieut Templar, S Blackliffe.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. Rithet from New Westminster—B C Cattle Co, J Brown, J T Bethune, S Reid, Mrs Brethour, Capt Roberts, Lenz & Leiser, J & Clearihue, Thos Shotbolt, H B Co, L Dickinson, Mrs F Collins, Agt Dom Exp Co.

BIRTH.

WORSFOLD—On the 27th inst., at 128 Richardson street, the wife of J. K. Worsfold, of a daughter.

DIED.

MACIVER—At Agnews, California, on the 21st May, Rose Anna MacIver, beloved wife of Roderick MacIver, a native of Ireland, aged 54 years.

If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any substitute article. Take Hood's and only Hood's.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has Attained An Enormous And Still Increasing Sale.

Coughing leads to Consumption. Stop the Cough, heal the Lungs and strengthen the System with

Scott's Emulsion

the Cream of Cod-liver Oil and hypophosphites. It is palatable and easy on the stomach. *Physicians*, the world over, endorse it.

Don't be deceived by Substitutes!

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION

Thursday, May 31, at 11 a.m.

BOOKS, STATIONERY AND FANCY GOODS.

On account of whom it may concern.

THE ASSIGNEE STOCK-IN-TRADE OF J. J. NELSON & CO.

I have been instructed to sell at my salesroom, Wharf street, Victoria, a large quantity of account, blank and copying books, paper and envelopes, pens, inks, mucilage, albums and fancy goods, a large assortment of literary and school books, and a general line of stationery, fancy goods, etc., too numerous to mention.

GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE

6 Lots—2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE, 30 Broad Street.

GRAND CELEBRATION

THURSDAY 24th

USE PENDRAY'S IVORY SOAP

FRIDAY 25th

PENDRAY'S VINEGAR WON FIRST PRIZE

SATURDAY 26th

USE PENDRAY'S ELECTRIC SOAP

Practice Makes Perfect

ESTABLISHED 1875.

EX WARRIMOO

Australian Imports.

Corned Ox Tongue.
Whole Pine Apples in Syrup.
Sliced Pine Apples in Syrup.
Pine Apple Jam.

Very Fine Goods. Prices reasonable.

Erskine, Wall & Co

COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.

The 38th drawing for an appropriation in connection with the above society will be held in Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street, opposite View, on Friday, the 1st day of June, 1894.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order,

A. ST. G. FLINT, Secretary.

m28-td

TENDERS.

Will be received by the undersigned up to noon on Saturday, the 9th day of June, for the purchase of 50 acres of cleared Hop Land, on the Mills' Farm, and being the east half of section 11, Range 1 East, North Saanich District.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

TOLMIE LAND CO., 16 Trounce Avenue.

my28-td

BR. SHIP BENMORE.

STOTT MASTER.

Neither the master nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of above ship.

ROBT. WARD & CO. Ltd. Lb'y, Agents.

Victoria, B. C., May 28th, 1894.

Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

GEO. KOENIG, Proprietor.

my28-4m

Northwestern SS. Co.

STR. GEO. E. STARR

Leaves Victoria from Turner, Beeton's wharf for Seattle via Port Townsend daily, except Sundays, at 9 a.m., arriving at Seattle 5 p.m. Connecting with the Great Northern Railway for all points east. Also connecting with first class steamers for all points on Puget Sound. Returning leaves Seattle direct for Victoria 11:30 p.m., arriving at Victoria 6:30 a.m.

C. A. BATTRAY, Agent.

Office Great Northern Ry., Government St.

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.

JOHN McCALLUM,

The Fashionable TAILOR, 42 Broad Street.

Do you find it difficult to obtain a Suit that in every way fits you, without having to use an outburst of profanity every time you put it on? If so you are the man I'm looking for. I guarantee fit, finish, white labor and moderate charges.

"Humanity is so constituted that it will progress only under the stimulus of rivalry."—Lord Brougham. I quite agree with the noble lord. I like a spirit of fair and healthy rivalry, but when it is carried on to such an unhealthy condition as to necessitate the employment of Asiatic slavery in competition with white labor it is "out of sight" for me.

Why pay exhorbitant charges to self-styled leading merchant tailors for Chinese labor? When you can get the BEST GOODS IN THE MARKET for the least money at McCallum's, manufactured by high artistic experts, trained by long years of experience.

ALL WOOL TWEED PANTS FROM $5.00 UP.
ALL WOOL TWEED SUITS FROM $20.00 UP.

JOHN McCALLUM, The Fashionable Tailor, 42 Broad Street.

P.S.—I'll hae nane o' thae fellies wi' lang Q's workin' for me.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,

LIMITED.

Agricultural Implements.
Builders Hardware.
Paints and Oils.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

Priestley's Cravenettes

Ladies who dress well are now wearing these waterproof goods for cloaks, wraps and all over garments. No other material is so satisfactory. They are Rainproof, Porous, Durable, Stylish, Healthy, Comfortable. When asking for them ladies should be sure to say "Priestley's Cravenettes." 7

A Large Consignment

Of the Well Known

LIBERTY ART FABRICS

From "LIBERTY'S," London, Eng., Comprising

Art Cretonnes,
Art Crepe Muslins, All Colors;
Art Crepe Cloth, Figured;
Art Muslins, Single and Double Widths;
Light Silk Brocades, Etc.

NOTE—You will find the above to be the prettiest and the most effective goods (of their kind) ever seen in Victoria. The well known Fabrics by Liberty, of London, are always appreciated by lovers of art. Come and See These Goods.

WEILER BROS.

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

Br. Ship Borrowdale.

Neither Captain Bolderston nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debt contracted by the crew of above ship.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Ltd L'by, Agents.

m28-2w

ARMOUR'S '49ER HAMS And Bacon

R. H. JAMESON, - 33 Fort Street.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

The office of Henry Croft is removed from the Colonist Block, 72 Government street, to the Janion Block, 28 Store street.

COMOX—FOR SALE.

Thirty-six acres near the town of Courtenay, belonging to Anthony Maitland Stenhouse, ex-M.P.P. Apply to Lowenberg, Harris & Co., Estate Agents, Victoria.

my28-4m

JAPANESE Flowers Plants AND Goods

Per S. S. Empress of India from Japan and are now on view at the Store, a Fine Assorted Variety of Japanese Flowers and Plants of over FORTY DIFFERENT KINDS AND COLORS of rare beauty. Also a great variety of Japanese lanterns.

For Sale at BAZAAR, 90 Douglas St

A. WANIBE.

W. J. STODDART,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler

New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivotting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.